

The  
Royal National  
Institute for the  
Blind



Report of the  
Executive Council  
for the Year ended  
31st March 1967



*Courtesy Walter Bird, F.I.B.P., F.R.P.S*

Sir Benjamin Ryecroft, O.B.E., M.D.,  
F.R.C.S., to whom tribute is paid on page 4

**Cover Picture**

Parents with their young blind child  
meet the Head of our Parents' Unit

# The Royal National Institute for the Blind

(Registered in accordance with the National Assistance Act, 1948)

FOUNDED 1868

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1949

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July, 1967

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*MISS P. HART, B.A.	Chorleywood College Old Girls' Association
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\* Blind Members are distinguished by an asterisk

# The Royal National Institute for the Blind.

## EIGHTY-THIRD REPORT

For every challenge this exciting decade has produced, a paradox has also been in existence. Nowhere is this more true than in the field of blind welfare for there is one paradoxical situation in particular that has presented our Institute with its greatest challenge to date: the advancement of medical science.

Medical progress has been responsible for the dramatic fall in the number of children who were blind at birth and for a corresponding increase in the proportion of those who have survived with physical or mental handicaps in addition to blindness. Improvements in public health have led to the attainment of a far greater age, so that the biggest incidence of blindness now occurs in the octogenarian age group.

The Institute has not flinched in meeting this challenge. It actively participates in research into the transplantation of eye tissues and the genetic causes of blindness in additionally handicapped children through the British Foundation for Research into the Prevention of Blindness which it set up five years ago. It provides equipment and grants for a number of research developments throughout the country and it continually publicises the need for corneal graft donors whose eyes will help ophthalmic surgeons in the work of curing blindness by corneal grafts.

Here, it is my sad task to pay tribute to Sir Benjamin Rycroft, O.B.E., F.R.C.S., the Institute's Honorary Consultant in Ophthalmology, whose sudden death at the end of March has robbed us of the inspired services of an ophthalmologist whose overwhelming interest was devoted to corneal transplantation.

Sir Benjamin was a member of Council, Vice-Chairman of the Institute's Prevention of Blindness Committee and Clinical Director of the Pocklington Eye Research Unit at the Royal College of Surgeons which the British Foundation finances. Sir Benjamin met the challenge of our times with outstanding eagerness. In fact, shortly before his death he wrote: "There is so very much that is worthwhile to be done."

Because of its unique position in the national welfare of the blind, the Institute is singularly placed to assess future requirements and act upon them. In this respect, it actively encourages the earliest possible notification of blindness in a young child and this not only enables a good parent relationship to be established as a basis for subsequent parent guidance, but also permits of a flexible educational system adapted to the demands which additional physical and mental handicaps will ultimately impose on blind youngsters.

In these pages you will read how the Royal National Institute for the Blind is meeting its greatest challenge and the vigilance it bestows upon everyone of its heavy responsibilities towards the 113,000 blind in this country.

THEODORE H. TYLOR  
*Chairman*

## The R.N.I.B. and its finances

The R.N.I.B. has long been pledged to help restore and maintain that confidence necessary to every blind person in this country if he is to play his rightful role as a respected and responsible member of society.

This broad principle is, however, most complex in its application. Every aspect of a newly-blinded adult's life is affected by his blindness and a reorientation of his whole way of life, with particular emphasis on his mobility and dexterity, is consequent upon it. But it is the permutations of physical and mental handicaps among blind children of school age, who have their lives before them, that defy any tailor-made formula. A partially-sighted child may be educationally sub-normal, a severely physically handicapped blind child intellectually gifted.

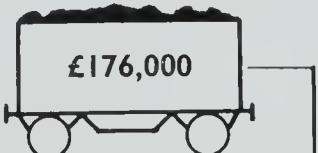
It is thus apparent that the blind have very real and individual needs and cannot be treated as one homogeneous group.

Your support in the past has enabled us to meet those needs with that personalised service, which has become a tradition in blind welfare. As the Centenary of the Royal National Institute for the Blind approaches, may we ask you to grasp the opportunity of furthering your support for the future? Without it, many of the 113,000 blind men, women and children in this country would be much the poorer. With it, they in turn can make their own contribution to the society in which we all live.

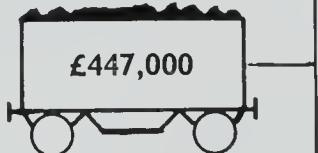
# There can be no Off-Peak Period for this Power Station

This is what we received:—

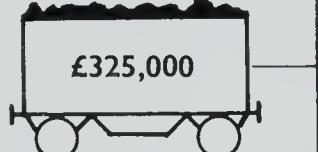
From the blind and their friends and  
from local voluntary societies



From Government Departments and  
Local Authorities for services provided



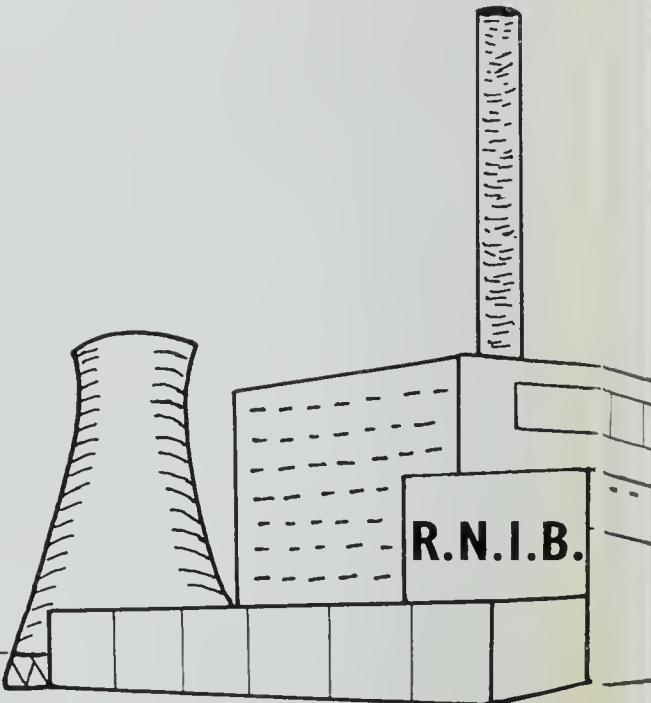
From sales by our Home Industries De-  
partment and tobacco and sweets kiosks



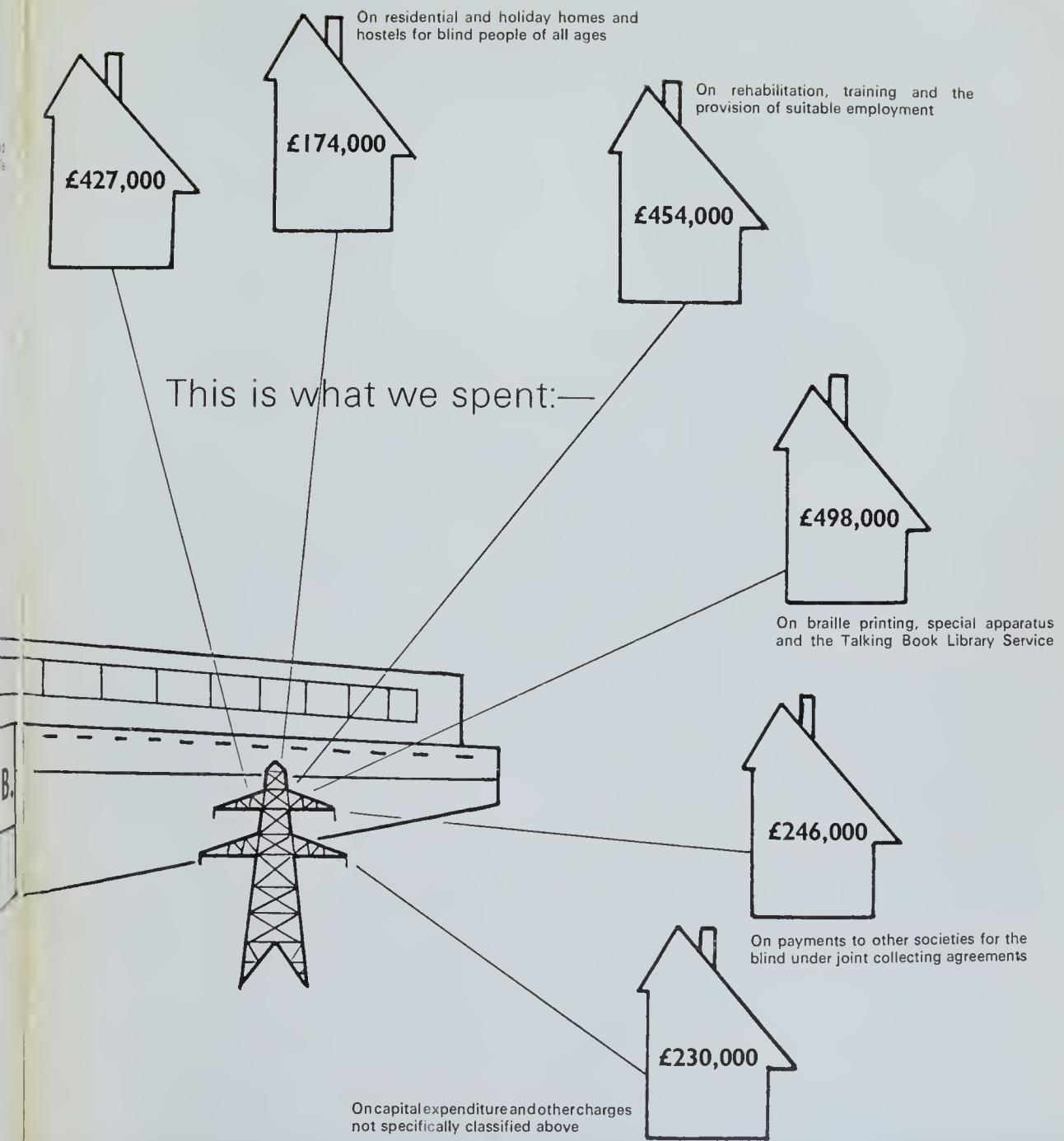
And for the balance we depended on



On specialized nursery homes and  
schools for children and young people



This year we generated £2,029,000 worth of  
power for BRITAIN'S 113,000 BLIND



# RESTORE SIGHT

A black and white photograph of a landscape. On the left, a large, leafy tree stands prominently. In the background, there is a building with a gabled roof and a flag flying from a pole in front of it. The foreground is a dark, textured area that appears to be a field or a path.

Your own eyes can help

*The new frontier of which I speak is not a set  
of promises—it is a set of challenges*

Senator John F. Kennedy  
Nomination Acceptance Speech  
July 15th, 1960

IT HAS become increasingly apparent that the eye—the most sensitive mechanism ever created—has not resisted the pressures of modern life and the absence of major hostilities or infection on an international scale has not halted the rising incidence of blindness throughout the world. Great Britain is in no exceptional position.

To come within the definition of blindness in this country, a person must not be able to see at more than 6 feet, even with the help of glasses, what is normally seen at 60 feet (6/60).

As might well be expected of a mechanism as delicate as the eye, more than one hundred causes of blindness have already been established, often attributable to one or any combination of three circumstances: degenerative processes, heredity, diseases which progressively affect the eyes.

Our Institute believes that an integral part of the work of a voluntary organisation should be to pioneer new techniques and encourage experimental work until the perfected results can be handed over to the competent statutory authorities for routine implementation.

Five years have already passed since we applied this principle to the prevention and cure of blindness by setting up the British Foundation for the Prevention of Blindness to undertake projects beyond the scope of the Institute's Prevention of Blindness Committee.

The passing of the Human Tissues Act a year earlier had provided the legislation necessary to tap a potentially unlimited source of eye tissue. An opportune moment had, therefore, arrived to pursue new areas of research, develop new techniques in surgery destined to restore vision impeded by corneal lesions and experiment into the transplantation and preservation of donated eyes.

Now a very high proportion of corneal grafting operations are uncomplicated and successful. A common cause of failure in the others is the growth of a membrane after the grafting operation which once again restricts vision. Investigation into the post-graft membrane is one of the seven exciting pieces of research currently being conducted at the Pocklington Eye Transplantation Research Unit, which was one of the first projects to be established by the new Foundation.

Similarly, by investigating the use of microsurgery in reducing the amount of damage that can possibly be done to a graft during surgery, the Pocklington Eye Unit is working in close co-operation with the Queen Victoria Hospital, East Grinstead, whom the Institute's Prevention of Blindness Committee is aiding in the purchase of an operating microscope.

Twenty-two thousand successful operations are performed every year to remove cataracts, but why do they occur in the first place? The Institute's Prevention of Blindness Committee also aids existing research projects and has been making an annual grant to a biochemist investigating this very problem.

Another annual grant to existing research made by the Committee is particularly gratifying on two counts. The research concerns the effect of diabetes on the retina, another common cause of blindness, and the research worker in charge is himself blind from that same cause.

The Pocklington Eye Unit is also working on various ways of preserving eye tissue, including the speculative deep-freeze method, while our Institute has revised its publicity leaflet in an endeavour to attract further bequests of eyes. The front cover of the new leaflet is reproduced on preceding page.

**GENETIC RESEARCH** Mention has already been made of the large part played by congenital abnormalities, which may sooner or later result in blindness. The initial project which the British Foundation embarked upon was the establishment of the Godfrey Robinson Memorial Research Unit to investigate genetic causes of blindness, particularly those associated with the additionally handicapped blind children in establishments controlled by the R.N.I.B.

The Unit's report entitled "The Causes of Blindness in Children—A study of 776 children with severe visual handicap in special schools" is to be published in book form by the John Hopkins Press in 1967 and will provide an invaluable work of reference.

The Report made it clear that many of these inherited sight defects are not now amenable to surgery or therapy, but the biochemical changes that take place to cause them can be discovered

and eventually treated. While investigations into the genetic causes of blindness will be continued, the British Foundation has agreed to broaden the scope of the Godfrey Robinson Memorial Research Unit to include laboratory research work.

So great was the enthusiasm of our Honorary Consultant in Ophthalmology, Sir Benjamin Rycroft, for all forms of research into the prevention of blindness that he was, at the time of his sudden death in March 1967, preparing a synopsis of the results of all the research, only part of which has been mentioned here, sponsored by the British Foundation for the Prevention of Blindness and the Institute's Prevention of Blindness Committee.

It is to be hoped that publication of the report will not be halted and that in future it can be brought up to date annually.



The use of the operating microscope greatly reduces the possibility of post-graft membrane development

**CRUCIAL AGE** As vital as this research work is in the long term, we have never lost sight of our immediate task: to help the blind live as full a life as possible, within the limit of their handicap. The longer the life before them, the more crucial the quality of our help at an early age.

Because it is not compulsory for children to start school until the age of five, a Local Education Authority may not necessarily know of a child's blindness before then. But it is in the preceding three years that a child absorbs more about life than at any other time. The pattern of his future progress will, therefore, largely depend on the kind of guidance he receives during those years. The sooner parents notify the local authorities of their child's blindness, the sooner they can be put in touch with an experienced source of advice. The Education Department of our Institute makes invaluable help available through a Parents' Unit specifically created for this purpose.

Sixty-eight families availed themselves of the Unit's help during the past year. The Unit, a modest suburban villa in Northwood, Middx., simulates the child's home conditions if the family can manage to stay for a week or so. Otherwise, the Head of the Unit visits the families in their own homes. By continuing contact with the child, the Head can best advise the parents according to his needs. By personally meeting the parents, the Head provides them with a knowledgeable friend who intimately understands the particular problems they are faced with.

Besides guiding the development of the blind children in the Sunshine Homes—a development which may have begun with the Parents' Unit or through the Heads' own contact with families—the staff of each Sunshine House seeks to establish links within their neighbourhood that are of reciprocal benefit. Our blind children are made aware of a wider world around them by mixing with sighted children and adults. The neighbours learn to understand what the handicapped child is trying to accomplish and how he goes about it.

More than ever is now being demanded of these neighbours, and the public in general, by way of sympathetic comprehension. The trend towards infantile blindness associated with other physical and/or mental handicaps, which began to manifest itself a generation ago, is showing no signs of diminishing. Indeed, our Institute is currently considering the ways in which it can improve upon the residential care it offers the severely handicapped blind child, including the relatively small but steadily increasing number of children suffering from spina bifida in addition to blindness, who require skilled nursing attention.

The multiplicity of temperament, intellectual capacity and physical ability of the blind children within our care necessitates much individual attention and frequent assessment on the part of the staff. This ensures that the additionally handicapped blind children in our Sunshine Homes do not move on to our special schools at Rushton Hall, near Kettering, and Condover Hall, near Shrewsbury, until they are ready for such a change.

The steady increase in the number of blind children with physical handicaps which restrict movement, and new ideas in creating a realistic social and educational environment for them is evident at Condover Hall. Agreement has been reached with the Department of Education and Science for a linked group of "family-units", incorporating all facilities for severely handicapped children, to be constructed in the grounds, leaving the main Hall free for administration, catering, a limited amount of class-work and residential quarters for staff. Plans are now being drawn up and it is hoped that actual building will begin in the Autumn of 1967.

**GROWING UP** What does the future hold for these heavily-burdened youngsters once they leave school? The policy of having them interviewed jointly by our own Placement Officers and Youth Employment Officers locally, followed by meetings between parents and their own Local Authority officials, is beginning to show encouraging results.



Individual instruction enables each child at "Pathways", the deaf-blind unit at Conover Hall, to make the most of whatever residual sight and hearing he may possess

The R.N.I.B. Specialist Employment Service regularly brings in the local Youth Employment Officer (l.) to discuss the future prospects of pupils at Conover Hall with the Principal (r.) and the teachers



Some are happily settled in Training Centres for Handicapped Adults. Unfortunately only a limited number of such Centres are at present operated by Local Authorities throughout the country. Others, together with blind school-leavers of average academic ability and without the burden of additional handicaps, find a stay at Hethersett—our vocational guidance centre in Reigate—invaluable in bridging the gap between the school and the competitive atmosphere of the sighted world in which they will have the satisfaction of working in open employment.

The end of the year under review saw the publication of "An Experiment in Education—The History of Worcester College" (edited by Donald Bell) to mark the Centenary of this higher grammar school for blind boys of exceptional ability which is administered and financially supported by the Royal National Institute for the Blind. An atmosphere unique among grammar schools in Britain prevails at Worcester College for Blind Boys and our own grammar school for girls with little or no sight at Chorleywood. Although a limited number of allowances have to be made, the curriculum followed at both schools is no pale reflection of that to be found in grammar schools for the sighted. That this educational environment is beneficial is marked by the fact that the percentage of students from these two colleges who go on to University ranks among the highest in the country. More and more students are also entering colleges of education and colleges of advanced technology to undertake courses which were hitherto closed to them.

Three of our former grammar school students, who have graduated from University, were on teaching assignments abroad under the auspices of Voluntary Service Overseas during the past year. A. A. Young, an ex-pupil of Worcester College, was teaching English to blind students in Zambia and was a member of a sub-committee dealing with the whole of blind education in that country. Jennifer McHarg wrote to Chorleywood from Tanzania of the difficulty the German Lutheran Mission she worked for had in filling its school, despite the large number of blind children in the country. Many parents

hid their blind children away because of the misfortune it was felt they brought on a house, she reported. Helen Starns found the archaic tone of the English textbooks she had to work with more of a problem when she joined the teachers on the staff of a sighted residential school for girls in Bangkok, than her own lack of vision.

**HEAVY DEMAND** Hand in hand with extra University places goes a heavier demand for textbooks in braille—a challenge we are meeting with determination. This demand is also reflected in the growing popularity of adult education amongst the blind in employment, who attend evening classes, take correspondence courses or follow the BBC foreign language broadcasts.

It would obviously be an economic impossibility to tie up our braille presses with the production of titles for which there was only a limited, albeit urgent, demand. It is, therefore, one of the prime responsibilities of our Students' Library to produce manuscript copies of textbooks in braille.

Alone, the Students' Library could not attempt to meet these increasing calls on its services without the help of dedicated and highly skilled voluntary transcribers. The range and complexity of the 850 volumes they produced this year are quite remarkable as voluntary braillists frequently have to deal with tables and diagrams, or special codes, such as those for mathematics, foreign languages and law.

Further education is of no help to a blind student unless he can take the accompanying examinations. The Manuscript Department, which is closely allied to the Students' Library, is transcribing an increasing volume of examination papers in the utmost secrecy, a task made easier by the acquisition of a thermosform duplicating machine for producing limited runs.

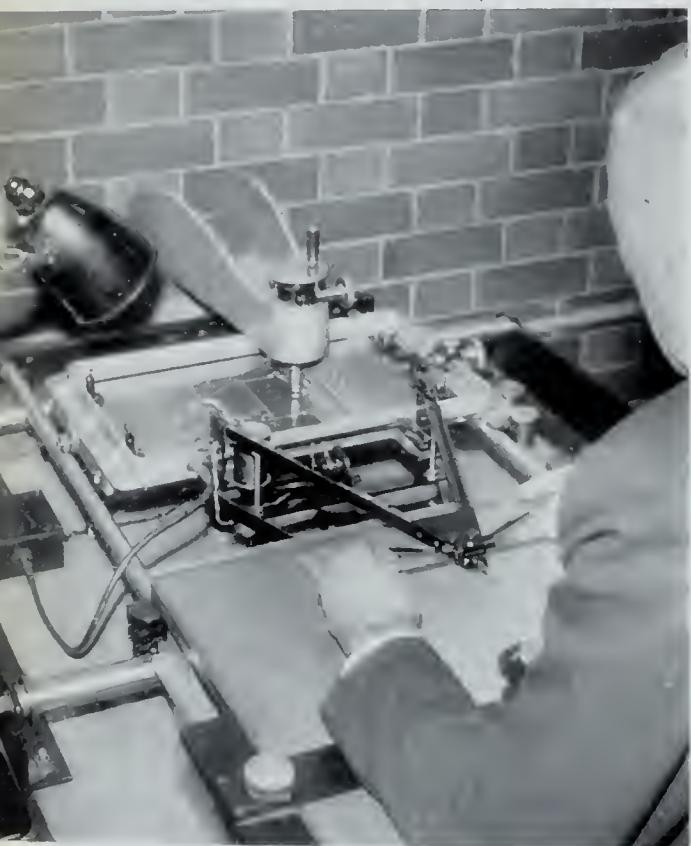
The work of the Students' Library is not finished once students have qualified; many of them working in such professions as the law or education (either as teachers or lecturers) need the help of the Library and its transcribers throughout their careers. For example, one blind

solicitor taking up an appointment with the Charity Commissioners was provided with the basic legal documents he needed as working tools.

There is no doubt that braille continues to be vitally important, not only to students, but also to many others, who get pleasure, information and enlightenment from reading. The Institute is always ready to help those sighted friends of the blind who wish to learn braille and sets the standard by awarding a Braille Proficiency Certificate: sixty-six such certificates were issued this year.

Education of the sighted to ease the path of the blind does not stop at the teaching of braille. The principals of our educational establishments and staff officers from London frequently address clubs and professional groups to endeavour to remove the psychological handicap

A diagram for a text book on mechanics is embossed in braille on a zinc plate



many members of the public and potential employers assume on coming face-to-face with a blind person.

No reasonable opportunity is ever lost to publicize the continuing and vital consequence of our work, and we welcome the visit to our Headquarters of groups of trainee social workers whose future careers will bring them in close touch with the very people we exist to serve. It was gratifying to hear one student remark at the close of such a visit that the R.N.I.B. seemed to be doing more than its fair share of giving.

**INTERNATIONAL FLAVOUR . . .** Our School of Physiotherapy continues to retain its international flavour. The twelve students to pass the final examination of the Chartered Society of Physiotherapy this year included the first Turkish student to qualify.

Qualifications alone are not enough to ensure that highly developed sense of mobility which all blind physiotherapists need. Their work demands that they should be able to move efficiently in a complex hospital setting or district new to them. For extra involvement in a sighted world they greatly rely on, and enjoy, the activities organised by the Students' Union Committee of their own hostel.

The high regard in which the school is held abroad was manifested by the considerable number of Japanese, both from blind welfare organisations and from the medical profession, who visited the School this year. The visitors were anxious to compare techniques and, in some cases, to make use of its long experience to bring their ancient art of oriental massage more into line with the full range of treatments their own leading doctors now require of this profession.

A delegation of blind and sighted physiotherapists from Denmark came to discuss the possibility of extending the scope of work done by blind physiotherapists there, and it also seems probable that physiotherapy training, based on the School's experience, will be made available to blind students at the University of New South Wales in the early 1970s.



The production of braille by the solid dot process is explained to trainee Social Welfare Officers of the blind during a visit to R.N.I.B. Headquarters

**... AND CO-OPERATION** Another University which has expressed interest in training blind physiotherapists is that of Buenos Aires, which our Director General visited while advising the First International Congress of Braille Printing Houses of the Spanish language on the latest British methods of producing relief maps and diagrams.

Our Director General also provided the Congress with first-hand information about the British Talking Book Service, and later in the year our Chief Sound Recording Engineer went to Ceylon to assist with the installation of the Talking Book Service.

Visits to Britain by colleagues from all parts of the world who were anxious to study many aspects of the Institute's work at close range were paid in great numbers during the year. The visitors to stay with us the longest, three months in fact, were two Zambians who are to set up the first ever braille printing plant in Central Africa.

**DRAMATIC DEVELOPMENT** One of the greatest problems associated with braille production lies in the availability of skilled transcribers. One of the solutions to this difficulty that we have arrived at in the past year represents both a dramatic development in braille produc-

tion in Europe and a breakthrough in the field of automatic processing. An IBM 1130 computer is now available at our Headquarters for the specific purpose of automatic braille transcription.

Experimental work has demonstrated that a computer can be taught to translate from one code (*i.e.*, English) into another (*i.e.*, braille) at speed. Its use will consequently relieve the pressure of routine work in connection with the publication of magazines and novels from our available transcribers and enable them to concentrate their specialised knowledge of braille on the preparation of textbooks for which the demand is so urgent.

Teaching a computer, that is, writing a programme for a computer to digest, is a lengthy business in that every imaginable text complexity must be covered. It will clearly be some time before the computer is ready for production, but work is currently in hand towards this end.

Production of braille volumes, pamphlets, newspapers and periodicals was well maintained this year. Amongst other publications, we issued a quarter of a million free copies of the *Braille Radio Times*, printed by the solid dot process.



**OUTSIDE CO-OPERATION** We have always been deeply indebted to the business community for the help they so generously give us in our work on behalf of all Britain's 113,000 blind. This year, in particular, we should like to thank IBM (U.K.) Ltd. for having made the computer, and its ancillary equipment, available to us. Also the Monotype Corporation for the loan of a Monotype casting machine, which has enabled our Moon works to save a considerable amount of money on the purchase of new type.

Whereas braille is a code based on a six-dot cell, Moon is an embossed adaptation of the regular alphabet, which folk who lose their sight later on in life find easier to read and enjoy.

Nearly 60,000 items in Moon were issued by our Moon works in Reigate this year. The most popular publication was the weekly news digest, *Moon Newspaper*, which is also issued free.

**LIKE POSTING A LETTER** It is the "Talking Book" however that is becoming far and away the most popular vehicle for the disseminating of literature, especially among the elderly blind. We envisage that it will be even more so when changing one's library book becomes as easy as posting a letter.

The past year has seen intensive research into an alternative and improved system of Talking Book, and as a result of close co-operation between our British Talking Book Service for the Blind and the manufacturers, a prototype has been successfully tried out. A cassette giving a total playing time of 13 hours and weighing about  $6\frac{1}{2}$  ozs. (about half the size of the average novel) has now been perfected. A fully transistorised reproducer providing excellent indexing facilities and quite remarkable simplicity of operation has also been produced, and it is hoped that this equipment will be going into production within the next few months.

But what will prevent the 22,000 machines now in use throughout the country from becoming obsolete if they will not accept the new cassette? An adaptor plate has been

A Talking Book subscriber mails the new small cassette in her nearest letter box

devised which will eventually be fitted to all existing machines.

An extension of our British Talking Book Service, the Student Tape Library, continues to expand and available titles now number three hundred and fifty. We are indeed grateful to those voluntary readers who have a tape recorder and are specialists in a given subject, for reading the books we send them on to the tape we provide. This is yet another way in which we are responding to the phenomenal demand for educational textbooks.

**NO . . . ISLAND** No enterprise, if it is to be viable, can exist in a vacuum and we have indeed been most favoured by the community spirit prevailing in the areas where our residential and holiday homes are located.

Here, too, there is a change in the pattern of blindness which is necessitating a revision of the amenities we provide for our elderly residents.

For they are becoming increasingly elderly; in fact, the greatest incidence of blindness now occurs in the octogenarian age-group and finds a true reflection among the residents of our homes. Whereas the most elderly often do not require hospitalisation, they frequently need a greater degree of nursing than we have been able to provide. Conversely, the average nursing home for the sighted is not always prepared to accommodate a blind person.

By re-arranging and extending existing accommodation, our largest residential home, Westcliff House, at Westgate-on-Sea, now has an Infirmary Wing, capable of caring for six chronic sick cases already in the Home and four cases of temporary illness. Wavertree House, our Home at Hove, already has an Infirmary Wing accommodating twelve patients and since it is almost self-contained, the residents were able to stay there while their other friends in the Home enjoyed a short stay at Bannow, our Holiday Home at St. Leonards, during the installation of a lift. A small Infirmary Wing has recently been completed at our Home for the Deaf-Blind at Burnham-on-Sea, Somerset, and the opportunity taken to extend the ground floor accommodation at the same time.

In due course, it seems that either our Institute or the Pocklington Trust, which the Institute administers, will be asked to provide only accommodation of this nature.

It is evident from what has already been said that the practice of accommodating permanent residents in our Holiday Homes no longer suits existing conditions, and vacancies are not being filled as they arise. The permanent residents of our Holiday Home, Leeds House, at New Brighton, will be offered alternative accommodation when the Home is closed early in 1968. A marked decline in popularity has caused the Institute, who administers it, and the Leeds Incorporated Institution for the Blind, who own it, to close it down, and it is hoped it will shortly be re-established in an area of greater need and easier access.

A zest for life, sustained by receptive communities, is the hallmark of all our Homes. The residents of very advanced years greatly look forward to the entertainments provided for them by local groups and visiting professionals. Those residents who are physically fit tour factories and museums with enthusiasm, even

Two of the many activities of our Technical Department—map engraving and prototype machining





During a visit to an ocean liner, Matron  
explains lifeboat drill to a deaf-blind resident

Monte Crick and Anne Cullen of "The Archers" talk to a  
resident in the Infirmary Wing at Westcliff House, Westgate  
Courtesy Isle of Thanet Gazette



if they are also deaf. They also enjoy receiving their friends and neighbours at the Socials and Open Days organised by the very devoted staff. The support the Sales of Work receive is a year-long incentive to the users of the handicraft rooms.

We cannot close our reference to the elderly within our care without mentioning the joy brought to them by the thoughtfulness of local children, especially on Mothering Sunday. In particular, the children of one Methodist Church presented the deaf-blind ladies of Tate House with a box of spring flowers on this occasion.

**A REBIRTH** It would be no exaggeration to say that those people whom blindness strikes in the middle years must virtually experience a rebirth of their whole way of life, especially if, as is generally the case, they must continue to earn their own living.

It is, therefore, our task to help these people to a new confidence and competence, reducing to a minimum the limitations their new handicap imposes.

To meet this vital need for rehabilitation, the Institute maintains two homes of recovery. At the larger, in Torquay, a link between hospital and training centre is provided for the younger blinded man or woman, and at the smaller, in Bridgnorth, Shropshire, a link between hospital and home for those unsuited by age or circumstance to go on to industrial or commercial training.

It is only natural that some degree of psychological disturbance should attend an unaccustomed physical handicap. Rehabilitation of those 412 men and women who passed through our centres last year was greatly advanced when it was realised that both Principals and a proportion of their staff were themselves blind.

Perhaps the prime task in the rehabilitation of a person who has recently lost his sight is to get him moving again. Having assessed that the longer white cane, as used in the United States of America, was capable of giving those without sight an even greater degree of movement if they wished to avail themselves of it, the

Institute, in association with St. Dunstan's, invited an American mobility instructor to spend six months at Torquay. During this time he ran a course for six British teachers to study orientation and mobility, including the use of the long cane.

These teachers are now themselves engaged in introducing this formalised method of learning orientation and mobility to a group of blind people of all ages for an experimental period of six months. If the results are satisfactory, as we confidently expect them to be, we will then seek to secure the recognition of this type of instruction as a specialist service in view of the time, professional skill and physical effort involved. It will also be possible to decide at the end of this period if the stage has been reached whereby the statutory authorities can take some action in regard to their future responsibility for training in this specialised service.

In unskilled hands, the long cane could unwittingly cause a hazard to sighted pedestrians and for safety's sake they will only be made available on the recommendation of an authorised instructor.

On leaving Torquay, those with an aptitude for industry go to the Letchworth Government Training Centre, while others enrol at our own College of Shorthand-typing and Telephony in London. The results of last summer's R.S.A. typewriting examination testify to the very high standards reached by our trainees. In competition with 26,000 sighted candidates, students from the College took first, second and third place, an achievement the *London Evening News* called "astonishing".

In the same article, the Principal of the College recalled that forty years of pioneering work had finally brought us to the point where employers telephone us for staff, whereas the initial difficulty was the one of getting an employer to believe it was possible for a blind person to be as competent as a sighted one.

This difficulty is not only confined to potential employers. Owners of large blocks of office accommodation have not as yet fully realised that by making a kiosk site available to a blind man or woman, they would not only be pro-

viding a handicapped person with employment, at no cost to themselves, but providing a built-in service for the workers in their offices. Under the Tobacco and Confectionary Kiosk Scheme operated by the Institute, twenty-six blind people have already found congenial employment.

**A LEADING PART** In her speech to the Annual General Meeting of the Institute on July 21st, 1966, Mrs. Shirley Williams, M.P., Parliamentary Private Secretary to the Minister of Labour, said: "Our Ministry will shortly undertake a close review of training facilities which are available to the blind to make sure that they keep in step with the changing requirements of industry. As one of the primary functions of the Institute is to undertake research and pioneering work, the Ministry of Labour looks with confidence to the Institute playing a leading part in this necessary research."

One illustration of the Institute's work in this connection deserves mention. Our success in the opening of computer programming to the blind has now reached the stage where we can recommend any suitable blind person to apply for training in the full knowledge that training and employment will be made available.

Neither the economic retrenchment of the past year nor the imposition of Selective Employment Tax has affected the total number of blind people placed by the Institute's Employment Service in commercial, administrative and professional occupations. The Employment Service has been equally successful in placing students leaving our own assessment centre for blind adolescents, Hethersett, and those leaving Harborne, the centre run by the Birmingham Royal Institution for the Blind. It has been our previous, and most fortunate, experience that the blind are able to hold their own alongside sighted colleagues and that in times of recession they have never been discriminated against.

No matter how efficient we become at placing the blind in open employment, a central agency is still needed to watch over the interests of those blind people who, for a variety of reasons, prefer to work at home. Our Home Industries Department in Reigate, Surrey, is currently helping

186 such people in the South-East by buying raw materials at bulk prices, providing technical assistance, advising on business procedure and encouraging and stimulating outlets for their goods, including our own Showroom at 224 Great Portland Street, London, W.1.

No commercial sale is ever automatic because the goods in question are made by blind workers. They need a firm market and they need to be competitive. In its quest for additional markets, the Home Industries Department submitted tenders for the supply of woollen socks to several police departments in Africa, and it is a tribute to their expertise that these tenders were successful.

**A FRIEND IN NEED** The introduction of the Selective Employment Tax, the passing of the new Social Security Act, and the creation of the Greater London Council, with consequent changes in blind welfare personnel, have greatly added to the number of enquiries received by our Services Department, a kind of blind Citizen's Advice Bureau within our Institute. The Department also handles applications for financial assistance in exceptional circumstances and administers the payment of 168 pensions from special funds with which we have been entrusted. Another 56 pensions are also paid out of the Sir Beachcroft Towse Ex-Service Fund for ex-Service personnel who have lost their sight and do not qualify for help from St. Dunstan's.

This year the Department has enrolled 168 new members into the Guild of Blind Gardeners, whose members receive a refund of 50 per cent of their expenditure on seeds and tools.

The kind of individual service given by our Technical Department to the blind includes the repair of many hundreds of personal braille writing machines each year, the adaptation of a large range of domestic apparatus such as cooker controls, toasters, weighing scales and typewriters and the inspection of manufactured aids to ensure that these perform satisfactorily.

Her Royal Highness, The Princess Margaret, Countess of Snowdon, talking to our Sales Manager about R.N.I.B. equipment at a recent exhibition



The Department operates the International Research Information Service (IRIS) on apparatus manufactured all over the world by organisations for the blind, so that any individual can obtain information about their specific apparatus interests from one source; this service also enables all manufacturers of apparatus for the blind to avoid duplication of effort in developing devices which may already be available.

Such knowledge enables the Technical Department's new section, functioning entirely for the development of new aids, to be selective in its approach. It has facilities for the manufacture of a wide range of experimental prototypes and is currently investigating potential aids and appliances covering the educational, vocational, domestic and recreational interests of the blind.

Our Technical Department has been responsible for the design or adaptation of over 300 items which our Sales Department makes available to all Britain's blind.

It is not surprising that sales of the new folding white canes and standard white sticks have passed the 25,000 mark this year and that more than 4,000 blind people have found the braille alarm clock we supply to be such a boon. Our general braille publications give much pleasure to the blind as this gentleman in Derbyshire wrote: "The football fixtures are a great help to me and a first-class layout makes them so easy to follow." On a more practical level, "Cooking in a Bedsitter" proved to be a best-seller in braille.

The service provided by our Sales Department in making all these items available to the blind is not confined to this country. Exports during the year rose to well over £100,000, including "Talking Books". The largest single order in respect of educational equipment was received from Ghana, and the second largest order came from the United States. Braille playing cards were such a favourite with Canadians that special plates had to be made to accommodate all the orders received from French Canadians.

**A PLAUDIT SHARED** We at the Institute are deeply conscious of the responsibility of the role we have voluntarily undertaken on behalf of those without sight and can think of no better way of expressing our thanks to all our sighted friends who have so generously supported our work with both time and money than by sharing with them the closing remarks of the address given by Mrs. Shirley Williams at the last Annual General Meeting: "I would like to congratulate the Institute on the continuing high level of efficiency and, equally important, the humanity with which it is discharging tasks which, though diverse, are all directed towards helping the blind of this country to lead useful and rewarding lives. The Minister (of Labour) and I wish it every success in the future, and we assure you of our continuing support and co-operation."

*We record our sincere appreciation and debt of gratitude to Mr. J. C. Colligan, C.B.E., our Director General, and his staff for their devoted labours during another year, without which this excellent and comprehensive report would not have been possible.*

## UNIFIED COLLECTING AGREEMENTS

**Statement for Year ended 31st March, 1967**  
**Analysis of Amounts distributed to Other Participating Societies**

## LOCAL SOCIETIES

1965/66 £	1966/67 £	1965/66 £	1966/67 £
<b>ABERDEENSHIRE</b> —			
Aberdeen Town and County Association for Teaching the Blind in their Homes	2,309	695	County Borough of Grimsby Blind Welfare Sub- Committee
Royal Aberdeen Workshops for the Blind	1,214	1,220	Kesteven (Lincs.) Blind Society
<b>BEFORDSHIRE</b> —		613	Lincoln Blind Society
N. Bedfordshire Society for Welfare of the Blind	1,261	5,083	Lindsey Blind Society
S. Bedfordshire Society for Welfare of the Blind	1,162		<b>MONMOUTHSHIRE</b> —
<b>BERKSHIRE</b> —			Association for the Blind of the County Borough of Newport and the Administrative County of Monmouth
Berkshire County Blind Society	2,651	6,848	<b>NORFOLK</b> —
Reading Association for Welfare of the Blind	1,307		Great Yarmouth Blind and Handicapped Persons Sub-Committee
<b>BRECONSHIRE</b> —		678	Norwich Institution for the Blind
Breconshire Association for the Welfare of the Blind	1,184	4,114	<b>NORTHUMBERLAND</b> —
<b>BUCKINGHAMSHIRE</b> —		5,317	Newcastle Agencies for the Blind
Buckinghamshire Association for the Blind	4,167		<b>NORTH WALES</b> —
<b>CAMBRIOGRAPHY</b> —		2,650	North Wales Society for the Blind
Cambridgeshire Society for the Blind	2,312		<b>OXFORDSHIRE</b> —
<b>CHESHIRE</b> —		3,377	Oxford (City and County) Society for the Blind
Chester Blind Welfare Society	3,643		<b>PERTHSHIRE AND KINROSSHIRE</b> —
MacClesfield Society for the Blind	913	1,858	Perthshire and Kinross-shire Society for the Blind
Stockport Institute for the Blind, Deaf and Dumb	612		<b>RAONORSHIRE</b> —
Wallasey Voluntary Blind Welfare Committee	50	322	Radnor Association for the Blind
<b>CORNWALL</b> —			<b>SOMERSET</b> —
Cornwall County Association for the Blind	3,574	1,079	Bath Society for the Blind
<b>DERBYSHIRE</b> —		4,471	Somerset County Association for the Blind
Derbyshire Association for the Blind	4,112		<b>SUFFOLK</b> —
<b>DEVON</b> —		1,214	Ipswich Blind Society
Devon County Association for the Blind	5,193	2,460	West Suffolk Voluntary Association for the Blind
Exeter Society for the Blind	813		<b>SURREY</b> —
<b>ORSET</b> —		3,515	Surrey Voluntary Association for the Blind
Dorset County Association for the Blind	1,696		<b>SUSSEX</b> —
<b>OUNOE, ANGUS AND SOUTH KINCARDINE</b> —		986	Brighton Society for the Welfare of the Blind
Royal Dundee Institution for the Blind			Society for the Social Welfare of the Blind in
Dundee Mission to the Outdoor Blind	1,163	883	Eastbourne
Forfarshire Mission to the Blind		2,591	East Sussex Association for the Blind
<b>OURHAM</b> —		183	Hastings Voluntary Association for the Blind
461 Darlington Society for the Blind	521	3,393	West Sussex Association for the Blind
328 South Shields Society for the Welfare of the Blind	326		<b>WILTSHIRE</b> —
Sunderland and Durham County Incorporated			Swindon Branch of Wiltshire Association for the Care of the Blind
3,527 Royal Institution for the Blind	3,219	1,159	Wiltshire Association for the Care of the Blind
<b>EDINBURGH AND SOUTH-EAST SCOTLAND</b> —		3,417	
4,178 Society for Welfare and Teaching of the Blind	4,730		<b>YORKSHIRE</b> —
<b>ESSEX</b> —		2,781	Cleveland and South Durham Institute for the Blind
7,444 Essex County Association for the Blind	7,650	639	Colne and Holme Valleys Joint Committee for the Blind
<b>FIFE</b> —		2,438	597
Fife Society for the Blind	1,215		Doncaster and District Home Teaching Associa- tion for the Blind
<b>GLAMORGAN</b> —		125	2,397
Glamorgan County Blind Welfare Association	8,474		Goole and District Voluntary Committee for the Blind
2,217 Merthyr Tydfil Institution for the Blind	2,136	1,137	159
<b>GLASGOW AND WEST OF SCOTLAND</b> —			Halifax Society for the Blind
The Society for the Blind in Glasgow and the West of Scotland	13,068	813	899
<b>GLoucestershire</b> —			Harrogate and District Society for the Blind
5,560 Bristol Royal School and Workshop for the Blind	4,741	1,220	773
986 Gloucester City (Voluntary) Blind Association	750		Huddersfield Society for the Blind
5,993 Gloucestershire County Association for the Blind	5,431	1,367	1,004
<b>HAMPSHIRE</b> —			Keighley and District Association for the Blind
1,279 Bournemouth Blind Aid Society	1,098		Kiveton and Rotherham Rural Voluntary Com- mittee for the Blind
1,695 Southampton Association for the Welfare of the Blind	1,886	407	341
<b>HEREFORDSHIRE</b> —			Leeds Incorporated Institution for the Blind and the Deaf and Dumb
1,481 Herefordshire County Association for the Blind	1,649	1,531	1,622
<b>HERTFORDSHIRE</b> —			Leeds Voluntary Committee for the Welfare of the Blind
6,801 Hertfordshire Society for the Blind	6,618	7,191	6,661
<b>HUNTINGDONSHIRE</b> —			North Riding Voluntary Committee for the Welfare of the Blind
County of Huntingdon and Peterborough Society for the Blind	1,045	1,982	1,920
<b>ISLE OF MAN</b> —			Pudsey Voluntary Committee for the Welfare of the Blind
940 Manx Blind Welfare Society	706	427	355
<b>ISLE OF WIGHT</b> —		255	236
919 Isle of Wight Society for the Blind	957		Rawmarsh and District Blind Welfare Committee
<b>KENT</b> —		914	Rotherham Voluntary Committee for the Welfare of the Blind
398 Canterbury Voluntary Association for the Blind	387	128	BBB
<b>LANCASHIRE</b> —		354	Saddleworth and District Committee for the Blind
293 Accrington and District Institution for the Blind and Prevention of Blindness	260		12B
Blackburn and District Joint Finance Committee for the Blind	927	125	404
569 Catholic Blind Institute Liverpool	457	368	Settle, Bowland and Sedbergh Blind Persons Welfare Committee
276 Heywood and Whitefield Blind Welfare Society	237	110	367
Liverpool Workshops and Birkenhead Society for the Blind (Inc.)	6,908	146	Thorne and District Voluntary Committee for the Blind
4,517 Manchester and Salford Blind Aid Society	4,647	1,977	109
914 Oldham Home Teaching Voluntary Sub- Committee of the Welfare Services Committee		828	Todmorden Society for the Blind
553 Rochdale and District Blind Welfare Society	304		160
349 Southport Blind Persons Committee	43B	214,112	West Riding Voluntary Association for the Blind (Wakefield Area)
<b>LINCOLNSHIRE</b> —			20,041
			6B2
			202,039
			<b>OTHER NATIONAL BODIES</b>
27,789 National Library for the Blind			26,087
8,715 Royal Normal College for the Blind			8,134
4,500 Scottish Braille Press			5,500
£255,116 Total amount distributed			£241,760

#### OTHER NATIONAL BODIES

27,789	National Library for the Blind	26,087
8,715	Royal Normal College for the Blind	B.134
4,500	Scottish Baille Press	5,500
<b>£255,116</b>	Total amount distributed	<b>£241,760</b>

## LEGACIES, 1966-67

We acknowledge with most grateful thanks the following benefactions by Will received  
during the year:

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Abrahams, Mr. A.	50	0	0	Carr, Miss M. K. Q.	1,253	6	8	Faulkner, Mrs. H. M.	17	19	9
Acroyd, Mrs. E.	25	0	0	Carrington, A. W.	50	0	0	Fearn, Miss M. M.	2,800	0	0
Adams, Mr. M. ....	125	4	8	Carter, Mrs. D. V.	2,207	17	11	Fenton, Mrs. J.	100	0	0
Adcock, Mrs. C. A.	218	0	0	Carter, Mrs. E. W. M.	1,764	1	4	Ferguson, Mr. H. F.	211	8	0
Agar, Mrs. A. ....	1,071	3	11	Carter, Mr. S. ....	250	0	0	Ferrier, Mr. S. F.	250	0	0
Akroyd, Miss M. A.	234	0	8	Cartwright, Miss A.	508	13	4	Fletcher, Miss G.	300	0	0
Alden, Mrs. A. ....	50	0	0	Cater, Mrs. K. B. ....	200	0	0	Flowers, Miss E.	500	0	0
Alderman, Mrs. A. E.	1,112	3	3	Chambers, Mr. H. F. G.	1,000	0	0	Flynn, Mr. R. M.	100	0	0
Alexander, Mrs. M. C.	200	0	0	Chambers, Mrs. M. M.	7,501	18	3	Fooks, Mrs. D. C.	100	0	0
Allan, Mrs. P. A.	193	7	5	Champkin, Mrs. F. S. M.	102	10	0	Foster, Miss A. M.	191	17	8
Allen, Mr. H. R. K.	700	0	0	Chandler, Mrs. E. G. ....	2,666	18	2	Fowkes, Mrs. F. M.	10	0	0
Allen, Mr. W. R.	1,835	15	5	Chapman, Miss M. ....	155	14	8	Fox, Miss G. F.	100	0	0
Allin, Mrs. C. M.	20	0	0	Cheetham, Mrs. F. E. J.	50	0	0	Francis, Mrs. E. J.	100	0	0
Amies, Mrs. E. K.	100	0	0	Claridge, Miss A. ....	1,500	0	0	Francis, Miss E. M.	100	0	0
Anderson, Miss J. L.	888	10	8	Clark, Miss A. ....	134	11	2	Frankland, Mrs. A.	426	2	3
Andrews, Mr. W. T.	101	7	11	Clark, Mrs. V. M.	200	0	0	Fuge, Mrs. E. ....	8,097	18	1
Anghel, Mr. C.	13	16	3	Clarke, Mrs. C. C.	2,000	0	0	Gard, Mrs. E. L.	2,022	9	6
Anonymous ....	100	0	0	Claughan, Miss B. ....	995	7	5	Gardiner, Miss E. E.	250	0	0
Anonymous ....	250	0	0	Clay, Mr. W. B. ....	750	0	0	Gaunt, Mrs. L. ....	100	0	0
Ansccombe, Mr. A. S.	1,001	12	6	Clerk, Lady, Janet M. ....	4,590	7	10	Gee, Miss E. N. ....	100	0	0
Ashdown, Mrs. E. A.	151	2	5	Clifford, Miss B. ....	100	0	0	Gibbins, Miss A. L.	100	0	0
Askey, Mrs. R. M.	2,041	12	6	Cohen, Miss E. ....	151	3	0	Gibson, Miss F.	50	0	0
Atkin, Miss E. ....	1,000	0	0	Coldwell, Mrs. M. K. ....	38	5	9	Gilburt, Mrs. E. A.	900	0	0
Atkinson, Miss D.	100	0	0	Cole, Mr. C. K. Preston	1	11	6	Gilder, Miss H. M.	100	0	0
Attenborough, Mr. S. ....	1,192	7	5	Coles, Mrs. L. M. ....	104	1	0	Giles, Mr. S. H.	1,000	0	0
Attwood, Mr. H. T.	317	14	10	Collett, Mr. F. A. ....	100	0	0	Gilon, Mrs. D. O.	436	8	3
Ayers, Miss E. M.	50	0	0	Collier, Mrs. S. A. ....	50	0	0	Glass, Miss E. S.	204	1	5
Bagnall, Florence Eliza.	280	9	10	Collins, Mrs. B. E. ....	102	10	11	Glover, Mr. J. W.	198	14	1
Baguley, Mr. F.	4	0	0	Cooper, Mrs. M. G. ....	2,659	6	3	Godfrey, Miss A. M.	500	0	0
Bailey, Mrs. A. ....	118	0	0	Cooper, Mrs. M. ....	1,100	0	0	Godfrey, Mr. W. F.	6,206	19	9
Bailey, Miss E. A.	20	0	0	Costello, Mr. J. B. ....	204	0	7	Godwin, Mr. E. V.	136	5	0
Bailey, Mrs. S. M.	25	0	0	Cotching, Mrs. I. A. ....	500	0	0	Goodfellow, Mrs. E. ....	207	0	0
Baker, Mr. G. A.	800	12	10	Coton, Miss G. E. ....	300	0	0	Goodwin, Miss C. ....	1,200	0	0
Baker, Mrs. M. A.	100	0	0	Cotton, Mrs. A. B. ....	95	6	0	Gordon, Mr. S. C.	4,000	0	0
Balding, Miss E.	250	0	0	Cowley, Miss E. E. ....	913	0	11	Gosling, Mr. T. E. ....	25	0	0
Balshaw, Mrs. P.	400	0	0	Cox, Miss B. A. ....	220	4	7	Gouch, Mrs. G. ....	50	0	0
Barlow, Miss F. E.	38	1	1	Crawford, Mr. J. ....	50	0	0	Gozney, Mrs. W. ....	10	0	0
Barnett, Mr. L. ....	1	1	0	Creek, Mrs. L. S. ....	20	0	0	Graham, Mrs. E. A. ....	50	0	0
Barrett, Miss I. E.	10	0	0	Croaker, Mrs. E. S. ....	641	7	1	Graistly, Miss A. ....	100	0	0
Bars, Miss K. J.	250	0	0	Crocket, Miss L. F. ....	1,000	0	0	Gray, Miss A. M. ....	868	14	0
Batchelor, Miss E. M.	55	14	3	Crossland, Mr. W. V. ....	750	0	0	Gray, Mr. E. A. ....	997	14	10
Batten, Mrs. E. P. ....	86	12	2	Curral, Mrs. I. A. E. ....	100	0	0	Greatbatch, Mrs. A. E. ....	1	5	1
Beale, Miss E. ....	682	0	10	Daly, Mr. C. S. ....	500	0	0	Griffin, Miss D. ....	500	0	0
Beckett, Miss B. ....	4,000	0	0	Daniels, Mrs. S. E. ....	300	0	0	Griffith, Miss A. ....	167	1	1
Beckett, Miss P.	405	1	4	Darbyshire, B. F. ....	800	0	0	Guest, Miss F. E. ....	50	0	0
Bedford, Mr. A. L. ....	39	2	10	Darcel, Mrs. I. A. ....	100	0	0	Halestrap, Mrs. E. G. ....	5,000	0	0
Beechey, Mrs. B. ....	25	0	0	Davies, Miss B. ....	4,000	0	0	Halford, Mrs. M. ....	500	0	0
Beeley, Mr. F. A. ....	150	0	0	Davies, Mr. W. F. ....	3,422	8	5	Hall, Mr. M. E. ....	100	0	0
Bell, Mr. F. H. ....	117	18	8	Davis, Mr. E. J. ....	750	0	0	Hall, Miss P. ....	390	19	1
Bellamy, Mr. W. ....	268	10	8	Davis, Miss J. ....	500	0	0	Hamer, Mr. W. H. ....	426	3	0
Bennett, Mrs. E. M. ....	100	0	0	Dawson, Mrs. A. ....	1,249	4	9	Hamerton, Mr. R. J. ....	844	1	6
Bennett, Mrs. M. A. ....	4,160	18	3	Dawson, Mrs. B. ....	100	0	0	Hammond, Mr. A. W. J. ....	500	0	0
Bennett, Mrs. M. L. ....	8,000	0	0	Deall, Miss C. L. ....	100	0	0	Hammond, Mr. G. G. ....	500	0	0
Berry, Mr. G. ....	10	14	1	Denning, Mr. N. L. ....	31	1	4	Hands, Mrs. E. ....	300	0	0
Berry, Mrs. M. ....	250	0	0	Dennis, Mr. T. R. ....	92	19	4	Hanklin, Mrs. G. M. ....	2,410	19	10
Best, Mr. E. A. ....	500	0	0	Derry, Mrs. E. J. ....	200	0	0	Harding, Mrs. E. E. ....	2,500	0	0
Bevon, Mr. S. ....	258	5	0	Devis, Mrs. E. ....	10	0	0	Harding, Miss H. E. ....	50	0	0
Billingham, Mrs. E. ....	112	6	7	Dobell, Mr. J. M. P. ....	1,200	0	0	Harris, Mr. C. P. ....	487	0	0
Binding, Mrs. L. E. E. ....	10	0	0	Dore, Mrs. L. ....	50	0	0	Harris, Mrs. L. L. ....	200	0	0
Bishop, Alice Amelia.	1,361	14	2	Douglas, Mr. W. M. ....	100	0	0	Harrison, Miss A. ....	1,047	11	3
Blackmore, Miss E. F. ....	675	0	0	Dow, Dr. J. R. ....	5,000	0	0	Harrison, Mr. P. W. ....	500	0	0
Blatchford, Mr. C. ....	6,750	0	0	Downey, Mrs. B. A. ....	158	6	4	Hartsant, Mrs. G. E. B. ....	50	0	0
Bond, Mr. D. J. ....	100	0	0	Downie, Mrs. W. C. ....	100	0	0	Harter, Mrs. M. E. ....	370	1	4
Bond, Mrs. E. E. ....	100	0	0	Driver, Miss M. ....	100	0	0	Harvey, Miss B. M. ....	1,200	0	0
Booker, Miss B. G. ....	84	13	7	Duffort, A. M. ....	100	0	0	Haslam, Mrs. G. ....	200	0	0
Boosie, Mrs. M. ....	22	5	4	Dukes, Mr. W. J. ....	300	0	0	Haswell, Miss A. E. ....	3,303	3	0
Bouch, Mr. S. ....	10	0	0	Duncan, Mrs. A. ....	1,000	0	0	Hatfield, Miss C. D. ....	232	7	9
Boulton, Miss E. K. ....	1	4	9	Dunderdale, Miss M. A. ....	250	0	0	Hatten, Mrs. E. H. ....	4,015	8	6
Bowlby, Mrs. E. L. ....	25	0	0	Durham, Miss D. M. ....	69	4	4	Hatton, Mrs. N. ....	50	0	0
Boyd, Mr. G. ....	914	12	9	Earle, Miss A. E. ....	1,386	6	5	Hay, Miss G. C. ....	200	0	0
Bracewell, Mr. R. ....	430	3	1	Eason, Mr. E. A. ....	1,032	16	8	Hay, Mr. J. S. ....	840	15	8
Brennan, Mrs. E. ....	20	0	0	Eastes, Miss N. L. ....	50	0	0	Hayes, Mrs. M. B. ....	357	1	0
Broderick, Miss K. ....	3,712	8	0	Eaton, Miss E. ....	100	0	0	Hey, Mr. W. ....	13	6	7
Brown, Mr. A. G. ....	10	0	0	Edmonds, Mrs. M. H. ....	250	4	3	Hemsley, Mrs. J. F. ....	390	3	5
Brown, Florence	100	0	0	Edwards, Annie	100	0	0	Henderson, Mrs. N. ....	10	0	0
Brown, Mrs. R. J. C. ....	25	0	0	Edwards, Miss G. A. V. ....	500	0	0	Henley, Mrs. V. A. ....	25	0	0
Brownings, Miss K. L. ....	100	0	0	Edwards, Miss. M. A. ....	3,025	7	0	Heron, Mr. J. M. ....	21,164	7	5
Brownjohn, Miss G. M. ....	101	1B	7	Elder, Mrs. E. M. ....	750	0	0	Hewitt, Miss E. M. ....	100	0	0
Bruxby, Miss M. A. ....	3,551	15	10	Elder, Mr. W. H. ....	1,400	0	0	Hewson, Mr. B. ....	770	14	4
Buckley, Miss K. ....	1,932	10	2	Elliot, Mr. H. C. ....	25	0	0	Hey, Mr. W. ....	500	0	0
Buckley, Mr. T. A. ....	190	0	0	Elliot, Mr. W. E. ....	470	0	0	Hicks, Mrs. K. A. ....	1,500	0	0
Bull, Mr. F. G. ....	100	0	0	Ellison, Mr. E. ....	10,000	0	0	Hill, Mrs. P. ....	200	0	0
Bullen, Miss V. I. ....	2,098	5	1	Evans, Miss C. F. ....	100	0	0	Hindley, Miss E. ....	100	0	0
Burton, Miss J. ....	946	18	8	Evans, Mr. G. ....	26	3	10	Hobbs, Miss A. ....	4,298	1	8
Butler, Miss A. ....	351	0	8	Evans, Mr. Gomer ....	6,828	10	4	Holmes, Mrs. A. ....	100	0	0
Butterworth, A. ....	150	0	0	Evans, Miss S. E. ....	1,000	0	0	Holt, Mrs. J. ....	97	1	11
Buttress, Mrs. H. ....	100	0	0	Everard, Mr. E. E. ....	150	0	0	Holt, Mrs. L. L. ....	300	0	0
Cady, Mr. H. L. ....	541	7	3	Fairclough, Miss A. G. ....	100	0	0	Hooper, Miss E. ....	100	0	0
Caesley, Mrs. R. E. ....	100	0	0	Falkner, Mr. R. ....	100	0	0	Hopkin, Mr. W. T. ....	985	1	4
Cakerbread, Mrs. A. ....	461	3	11	Farrant, Miss R. J. ....	50	0	0	Hopper, Mr. W. E. ....	756	12	0
Campbell, Mr. J. S. ....	9,334	3	11	Farthing, Miss E. G. ....	100	0	0	Hoinei, Mr. A. R. ....	43	17	6
Card, Mrs. G. ....	2,500	0	0	Fassam, Mrs. E. ....	300	0	0	Hoskins, Mrs. S. ....	10	0	0

	L	s.	d.		L	s.	d.		L	s.	d.								
Howard, Mrs. F. E.	200	0	0	Mapleton, Mrs. M.	200	0	0	Rickards, Miss M. E.	164	1	2								
Howell, Miss O. N.	100	0	0	Marks, Miss E. J.	25	0	0	Riley, Miss E. W.	15	3									
Hoyle, Miss M.	282	7	6	Marriott, Miss E.	50	0	0	Rimmer, Mr. R.	500	0									
Huddart, Miss A. M.	25	0	0	Marsh, Mrs. O. M.	496	12	4	Rishworth, Mrs. N.	481	10	6								
Hudson, Mrs. E. F.	3,000	0	0	Marshall, Mrs. E. A.	286	14	7	Ritson, Mr. N.	200	0									
Hudson, Mrs. E. J.	4,500	0	0	Martin, Mr. A.	100	0	0	Rix, Miss F. M.	69	15	3								
Hughes, Mr. E. .	446	12	2	Mason, Mrs. H.	78	7	9	Robertson, Miss H. M. B.	250	0	0								
Hughes, Mary . .	67	16	1	Mason, Mrs. M. A.	158	5	6	Robinson, Mr. T.	3,200	0									
Hughes, Mr. W. M.	100	0	0	Mason, Mr. S. B.	18	14	7	Robinson, Mr. W. J.	50	0									
Humphries, Miss B.	50	0	0	Mason, Mr. T.	100	0	0	Rockingham, Lucy	25	0									
Hunt, Miss A. M.	573	0	3	Meadows, Miss L.	53	18	6	Rodger, Mrs. L. B.	200	0									
Hunt, Mr. T. G.	1,800	0	0	Merck, Mr. A. C.	150	0	0	Rogers, Miss E. M.	100	0									
Hunter, Mrs. C. A. K.	48	5	11	Middleton, Mrs. M.	1,000	0	0	Rothwell, Mr. A. E.	2,000	0									
Hunter, Mr. G. E.	50	0	0	Milbourne, Mr. A. H.	250	0	0	Rothwell, Mrs. F. G.	100	0									
Hunton, Mrs. A.	100	0	0	Millar, Mr. A.	2,601	17	5	Rowe, Miss E. C.	50	0									
Hurd, Mrs. E. E. M.	1,400	0	0	Mills, Mrs. L. G.	1,516	16	9	Rowe, Miss M.	19	7	6								
Hyde, Mrs. F. I.	20	0	0	Minto, Mrs. M. L.	200	0	0	Rowlands, Miss G. F.	600	3	8								
Illingworth, Mrs. M.	50	0	0	Mitchell, Mrs. E. P.	34	14	0	Rutherford, Mr. O.	500	0									
Iles, Miss E. V.	1,000	0	0	Molyneux, Miss E. J.	1,000	0	0	Ryan, Mrs. M. S.	1,540	15	11								
Ingham, Mrs. M.	1,157	1	9	Monday, Mrs. E. J.	86	4	2	Sabatini, Mrs. C.	2,516	0	9								
Innes, Mr. I. R. . .	100	0	0	Moore, Mr. J. A.	464	5	4	Saffer, Mr. M. H.	250	0									
Ireland, Miss E.	1,000	0	0	Morgan, Mrs. E.	400	0	0	Sandwith, Miss E. F.	300	13	11								
Irme, Miss A. L.	60	0	0	Morris, Miss J. E.	500	0	0	Sargent, Mrs. C. M.	25	0	0								
Jefferies, Mrs. V. L.	2,000	0	0	Morrison, Miss J. M.	100	0	0	Saunders, Miss E. E.	274	16	4								
Jeffs, Mr. F. T.	50	0	0	Moss, Miss H. I.	200	0	0	Saunders, Mrs. M. I.	200	0	0								
Jenkins, Mr. V.	1,049	13	6	Mountford, Mrs. C.	6	19	8	Sawkins, Mrs. R.	134	12	2								
Jenkinson, Mr. C. W.	50	0	0	McCorriston, Mrs. M.	150	0	0	Sawrey, Mrs. E. M.	250	0	0								
Jennings, M. M.	1,000	0	0	MacFadden, Mr. R. R.	200	0	0	Scott, Mrs. A. J.	50	0									
John, Miss P. G.	25	0	0	Naylor, Mr. B. J.	256	5	6	Scott, Mrs. L. . . .	100	0	0								
John, Miss R. J.	50	0	0	Neal, Mrs. J. R.	250	0	0	Scragg, Mrs. M. A.	100	0	0								
Johnson, Mrs. E. H.	100	0	0	Neale, Miss A. . . .	449	0	4	Sedgwick, Miss A. M.	242	4	9								
Johnson, Miss F. M.	1,125	0	0	Neale, Mrs. E. E.	237	15	6	Sell, Miss F. A.	2,000	0	0								
Johnstone, Miss M. M. .	359	18	4	Olding, Miss C. M.	60	14	1	Sellিচ, Mr. F. . . .	1,725	0	3								
Jolly, Mrs. M. I.	50	0	0	Nicholson, Mr. T. C.	500	0	0	Selwood, Mr. A. S.	377	10	8								
Jones, Mrs. A. M.	759	15	4	Nixon, Miss E. . . .	2,652	19	2	Senior, Miss L. G.	500	0									
Jones, The Rev. A. W.	82	3	6	Noblett, Mrs. A.	1,000	0	0	Sewter, Mrs. M.	334	9	4								
Jones, Miss E. . . .	478	14	7	Norgate, Mr. F. H.	4,554	14	7	Shaw, Mrs. M. N.	1,000	0	0								
Jones, Mrs. E. . . .	2,034	13	1	Norgate, Miss N. E.	961	8	1	Shearman, Miss. E. R.	679	5									
Jones, Mr. T. A.	13	7	6	Olford, Miss A.	166	8	5	Shepley, Miss L.	50	0									
Jordon, Miss E. K.	100	0	0	Olding, Miss C. M.	200	0	0	Sheppard, Miss C. G.	200	0									
Joseph, Miss F.	78	13	7	Oldman, Mrs. A. M.	50	0	0	Shute, Miss C. A.	202	4	0								
Joslin, Miss P. E.	50	0	0	Ollerhead, Mrs. B. 8.	100	0	0	Silburn, Mrs. H. M.	69	16	2								
Joyes, Miss L. A.	35	1	2	Ordish, Mrs. L.	1,804	18	6	Simmonds, Mr. O. M. . .	209	0	7								
Judges, Mrs. F. K.	300	0	0	Osborne, Mrs. H. S.	782	12	3	Sims, Mr. T. H. J.	100	0									
Keane, Mrs. C. A. F.	3,315	17	8	Owen, Mr. C. S.	399	14	10	Sims, Mr. W. J.	100	0									
Keen, Mrs. E. . . .	31	18	0	Page, Mrs. E. . . .	104	2	5	Sirett, Mr. A. H.	100	0									
Kenney, Mr. F. W. C.	2,153	7	8	Page, Miss E. L.	1,140	11	3	Skene, Mr. G. E.	1,017	0	7								
Kent, Mrs. F. A.	31	15	6	Page, Mrs. M. M.	800	0	0	Slack, Miss G. E.	5,000	0	0								
Kent, Mr. J. J.	200	0	0	Paley, Miss G. . . .	165	12	10	Small, Mr. S. H.	200	0									
Kerley, Mr. H. . . .	700	0	0	Palmer, Mr. W. . . .	504	5	2	Smeaton, Mrs. E. E.	3,467	13	6								
Kershaw, Mr. A.	1,000	0	0	Palmer, Mr. W. H.	150	0	0	Smith, Mrs. E. . . .	100	0	0								
Ketchen, Mrs. T. C.	2,000	0	0	Parker, Mr. C. G.	968	5	5	Smith, Mr. E.	250	0									
Keys, Miss M. J.	5,329	18	4	Parkhouse, Mr. R. C. H.	97	9	4	Smith, Mr. G. F.	1,515	0	0								
King, Mr. C. C. . . .	50	0	0	Passingham, Mrs. F.	50	0	0	Smith, Mr. G. J.	2,124	19	2								
King, Mrs. O. M.	1,900	0	0	Patten, Mr. J. F.	8,500	0	0	Smith, Miss J. . . .	20	0									
King, Miss E. . . .	1	3	9	Pavelyn, Miss A. . . .	10	0	0	Smith, Mr. J. W.	1,504	10	9								
King, Mrs. E. E. . . .	10	0	0	Payne, Mrs. A. S.	3,713	18	9	Snell, Mrs. K. J.	1,000	0									
Kirby, Miss M. E.	453	12	4	Payne, Mr. L. T.	10,000	0	0	(As a memorial to her late husband Mr. Henry Cecil Snell, the retired Ophthalmic Surgeon)											
Knight, Mrs. F.	223	10	1	Peach, Miss O. . . .	50	0	0	Soady, Dr. A. R.	500	0	0								
Laight, Mrs. E. A.	325	0	0	Peacock, Miss F. L.	176	16	4	Soley, Mr. G. . . .	62	5	11								
Lake, Mrs. J. E.	100	0	0	Pearce, Mrs. E. R.	1,000	0	0	Spavin, Mrs. E. . . .	500	0	0								
Lane, Mrs. S. . . .	500	0	0	Pearshall, Mrs. A. W.	794	4	9	Spencer, Mr. A. . . .	50	0	0								
Langebear, Mrs. M. J.	100	0	0	Pearson, Mr. H. W.	50	0	0	Spencer, Mrs. S. J. . . .	209	14	4								
Langford, Mrs. L. S.	74	0	0	Pegler, Mrs. R.	1,000	0	0	Springet, Mrs. H. H. . . .	2,343	2	4								
Langsley, Mr. F.	1,234	11	4	Pendlebury, Mr. H. O.	302	6	4	Spyers, Miss E. M. . . .	200	0	0								
Lansdowne, Mrs. K. C.	150	0	0	Pengelly, Miss A. M.	50	0	0	Standing, Mr. W. . . .	1,000	0	0								
Latus, Miss C. . . .	2,624	4	4	Perrett, Miss E. G. M.	25	0	0	Stanley, Mrs. A. M. . . .	20	19	10								
Lawrence, Mrs. J. L.	250	0	0	Perry, Mrs. A. . . .	50	0	0	Stanley, Mr. H. K. . . .	91	18	9								
Lawrence, Miss M. L.	50	3	8	Pesel, Mrs. F. M.	6,012	11	5	Stapleton, Miss E. . . .	552	13	11								
Lawton, Mrs. E. R.	100	0	0	Phillips, Mrs. M.	100	0	0	Stevenson, Mr. G. . . .	2,200	0									
Lawton, Mr. J. H.	150	0	0	Pilkington, Miss E. M.	325	3	6	Stone, Mrs. G. . . .	10	0									
Leahing, Mrs. M. . . .	9	0	0	Pitt, Miss D. . . .	332	18	10	Strawford, Miss E. L. . . .	100	0									
Lee, Mr. W. J. R.	25	0	0	Pollard, Mrs. M. E. C.	890	4	2	Sturch, Mrs. J. . . .	5,943	19	6								
Leeming, Mr. W. M. E. . .	46	9	6	Pond, Mrs. J. . . .	50	0	0	Suffield, Miss K. O. E. . . .	500	0									
Leeson, Mr. F. E.	100	0	0	Poole, Mrs. E. . . .	67	17	3	Sutcliffe, Mrs. E. A. . . .	537	0									
Leslie, Mrs. H. . . .	4,150	0	0	Pope, Miss A. . . .	112	14	1	Swan, Mr. P. . . .	50	0									
Lessells, Miss M. . . .	25	0	0	Pope, Mrs. F. . . .	100	0	0	Tanner, Mr. W. A. . . .	1,000	0									
Lewis, Miss G. M.	3,449	4	11	Powell, Miss M. G. P.	224	18	9	Tartling, Mrs. L. . . .	2,600	0									
Lewis, Mr. L. . . .	1,010	5	9	Pretty, Miss L. M.	1,500	0	0	Tarr, Gertrude Louisa Alice	20	0									
Lewis, Mr. W. . . .	1,000	0	0	Price, Miss G. . . .	289	10	0	Tarver, Miss L. M. . . .	4,100	0									
Lewis, Mr. W. G.	128	0	10	Proehl, Mrs. E. . . .	300	0	0	Tasker, Mrs. S. . . .	200	0									
Linde, Mrs. O. A.	1,800	0	0	Pugh, Mrs. E. . . .	25	0	0	Taylor, Mrs. E. . . .	200	0									
Livy, Miss M. E.	200	0	0	Pyatt, Mr. T.	145	17	9	Taylor, Mrs. F. N. . . .	19	6	10								
Lloyd, Miss D.	805	0	0	Quiney, Miss E. B.	1,400	0	0	Taylor, Mrs. K. A. . . .	25	0	0								
Lloyd, Mrs. H. A. E.	10	0	0	Roulin, Mrs. E. A. . . .	300	0	0	Tellwright, Mrs. H. . . .	352	14	6								
Lodge, Mr. S. . . .	411	6	8	Rackham, Mrs. B. E.	50	0	0	Theobald, Mr. J. . . .	1,000	0	0								
Lomax, Mrs. M.	5,000	0	0	Randle, Miss A. E.	50	0	0	Thomas, Miss I. A. B. . . .	457	6	10								
Long, Miss S. . . .	138	3	0	Rathbone, Mrs. E. J.	500	0	0	Thompson, Mrs. E. L. . . .	50	0	0								
Longworth, Mr. J. T.	54	14	10	Rayson, Miss V. R.	32	10	11	Thorgood, Miss E. A. . . .	3,063	8	0								
Lote, Miss R. A. V.	838	0	0	Redmond, Mrs. E. . . .	5,500	0	0	Timpson, Mrs. S. G. . . .	4,334	6	3								
Lowe, Mrs. A. H.	1,771	4	9	Rees, Miss I. . . .	1,150	0	0	Toby, Mrs. L. M. . . .	75	0	0								
Lowe, Mrs. E. E.	100	0	0	Renton, Miss F. A. . . .	400	0	0	Tomlin, Mrs. F. M. . . .	525	19	7								
Lucas, Mrs. A. F.	697	16	11	Reynolds, Mrs. E. L.	50	0	0												
Luckman, Miss V.	1,547	5	2	Richards, Mrs. A.	200	0	0												
Manson, Mr. E.	750	0	0	Richards, Miss R. F.	3,133	17	3												



<b>British Talking Book Service for the Blind</b>	£	s.	d.
Ellis, Miss M. E.	200	0	0
Guiterman, Mrs. H.	500	0	0
Spiers, Miss E. H.	1,150	0	0
Theobald, Mr. J.	1,000	0	0
	2,850	0	0

<b>Devon Fund for the Blind</b>	£	s.	d.
—Kingsdon' Blind Home—	100	0	0

<b>East Sussex Fund for the Blind</b>	£	s.	d.
Steains, Mr. C. H.	1,039	3	2

<b>For the benefit of the blind in the following areas:</b>	£	s.	d.
Blackburn	497	12	7

<b>County of Worcester</b>	£	s.	d.
Bradley-Butt, Mr. F. B. . .	900	0	0

<b>Devon and Cornwall</b>	£	s.	d.
Rashleigh, Mrs. E.	2,300	0	0

<b>Devon</b>	£	s.	d.
Blight, Miss H. M.	1,506	15	2

<b>Doncaster</b>	£	s.	d.
Pinder, Miss A. M.	1,771	14	4

<b>Exeter</b>	£	s.	d.
White, Miss. M. E.	50	0	0

<b>Kent</b>	£	s.	d.
Cumming, Mrs. D. M.	25	0	0

<b>Wood</b>	£	s.	d.
Wood, Mrs. G.	100	0	0

<b>Macclesfield</b>	£	s.	d.
Molzis, Miss E. L.	500	0	0

<b>Norfolk</b>	£	s.	d.
Massingham, Mrs. E.	39	0	10

<b>Pontypridd</b>	£	s.	d.
Morgan, Mrs. M. A.	22	0	8

<b>Scotland</b>	£	s.	d.
Bates, Mrs. H. . .	211	4	7

<b>Somerset</b>	£	s.	d.
Palfrey, Mrs. C. M.	150	0	0

<b>For 'Seeing Eye' Dogs for the Blind</b>	£	s.	d.
Bicketts, Miss E.	450	0	0

<b>Guild of Blind Gardeners</b>	£	s.	d.
Read, Miss E.	10	0	0

<b>Printing of Braille Books for Blind People in Wales</b>	£	s.	d.
Griffiths, Miss C.	100	0	0

<b>Printing of Books for the Blind</b>	£	s.	d.
Cotton, Miss E. B.	2	3	8

<b>Provision of Books not of a Religious or Sectarian nature for the blind in England whether living in their own homes or institutions</b>	£	s.	d.
Neate, Miss R.	1,806	0	10

<b>Residential and Holiday Homes for the Blind</b>	£	s.	d.
Bannow, St. Leonards-on-Sea	50	0	0

<b>Kathleen Chambers Home for the Deaf-Blind, Burnham-on-Sea</b>	£	s.	d.
Perry, Mr. C.	50	0	0

<b>Wavertree House, Hove</b>	£	s.	d.
Flockhart, Miss B.	952	13	9

Foster, Mrs. L. (for the residents)	100	0	0
Phipps, Donald Trust of (for a Lift)	7,948	11	8

	9,001	5	5
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<b>Wilton Grange, West Kirby</b>	£	s.	d.
Boardman, Mrs. R.	1,000	0	0

**R.N.I.B. for general purposes of the following branches:**

<b>Belfast</b>	£	s.	d.
McCartney, Mr. G.	600	0	0

Scott, Mary Elizabeth	1,145	5	6
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	1,745	5	6
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<b>Birmingham</b>	£	s.	d.
Dames, Mrs. C. B.	200	0	0

	200	0	0
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<b>Bristol</b>	£	s.	d.
Bradley, Miss A. H.	10	0	0

Dyer, Mr. J. G. . .	5	0	0
Trimnell, Miss L.	10	0	0

	25	0	0
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<b>County of Cardigan</b>	£	s.	d.
Jones, Rev. A. W.	82	3	6

	82	3	6
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<b>Exeter</b>	£	s.	d.
Elstone, Mr. G. D. F.	1,488	12	10

Horwill, Miss J. L.	100	0	0
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	1,588	12	10
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<b>Gloucester</b>	£	s.	d.
Jones, Mr. E. D.	25	0	0

	25	0	0
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<b>Leeds</b>	£	s.	d.
Richardson, Joseph and Amy	130	0	0

Taylor, Ellen . . .	50	0	0
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	180	0	0
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<b>Liverpool</b>	£	s.	d.
Burnett, Miss E. A.	1,000	0	0

Holmes, Miss M. M.	184	1	2
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Purkiss, Mr. E. F. W.	100	0	0
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	1,284	1	2
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<b>Manchester</b>	£	s.	d.
Merrick, Miss E. M.	500	0	0

	500	0	0
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<b>Newcastle</b>	£	s.	d.
Goodall, Mr. W. E.	250	0	0

	250	0	0
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<b>Northern Ireland</b>	£	s.	d.
Magowan, Mrs. E.	100	0	0

McClean, Anna Eliza	50	0	0
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McNeilly, Miss M.	100	0	0
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Quinn, Mrs. A. . .	500	0	0
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Roy, Miss E. . .	250	0	0
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	5,899	4	2
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<b>Talking Book Development Fund</b>	£	s.	d.
Foster, Mr. H. P. . .	50	0	0

## NOTICE TO ANNUAL SUBSCRIBERS

The Institute, being a Charity, is not liable to Income Tax, but you have to pay tax on the income out of which you pay your subscription. The Institute is allowed to recover the tax paid by you in relation to your subscription, but only if you have signed the seven-year covenant set out below. The following examples show how you can substantially increase the value of your contribution:

<i>Annual Subscription to be paid by subscriber</i>	<i>Income Tax (at 8/3 in £), recoverable by Institute from Inland Revenue</i>	<i>Total value of subscription to the Institute</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1 0 0	14 1	1 14 1
1 1 0	14 9	1 15 9
2 0 0	1 8 1	3 8 1
3 3 0	2 4 3	5 7 3
5 5 0	3 13 9	8 18 9
21 0 0	14 14 11	35 14 11

In Column 1 look for the amount of subscription you usually make. (Let us take as an example £2). Column 3 shows the amount of gross income (£3 8s. 1d.) you must receive to leave you with £2 after tax at 8s. 3d. in the £ has been deducted from £3 8s. 1d.

Column 2, which is simply the difference between Columns 1 and 3, shows the amount of tax deducted (£1 8s. 1d.) which the Institute can recover from the Inland Revenue, thereby increasing the value of your cash subscription of £2 to a total of £3 8s. 1d.

3....., of.....  
(name in full) (address)

hereby covenant with THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND of 224/6/8 Great  
Portland Street, London, W.1, that for a period of seven years from the..... day of  
..... 19..... or during my life, whichever period shall be shorter, I will pay  
annually to the said Institute such a sum as will after deduction of Income Tax leave in the hands of  
the Institute a net sum of £..... (.....) to be.....  
(figures) (words)  
Paid from my general fund of taxed income so that I shall receive no personal or private benefit in  
either of the said periods from the said sum or any part thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this..... day  
of..... 19.....

Signed sealed and delivered by the said..... in the presence of  
Signature..... (signature of subscriber)

Address.....

Witness to  
Signature  
of Subscriber

Occupation.....

L.S.

*NOTE: The first subscription should not be paid before the date upon which this deed is signed*

*To the Honorary Treasurers of*

Date

19

# THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

(Incorporated by Royal Charter. Registered in accordance with the National Assistance Act, 1948)

224, 226 & 228 GREAT PORTLAND STREET, LONDON, W.1

I have pleasure in enclosing Annual Subscription/Donation £ s. d.

(Name)

(Please state whether Mr., Mrs., Miss, etc.)

(Address)

Cheques should be made payable to "The Royal National Institute for the Blind" and crossed "Westminster Bank Ltd." You can save yourself the trouble of renewing your subscription in the future by filling in and returning to The Royal National Institute for the Blind, 224 Gt. Portland Street, London, W.1, the form below, instructing your Bankers to pay the subscription annually on your behalf. This Order can be withdrawn at any time.

## BANKERS' ORDER

Name of Bankers ..... Date ..... 19

Branch Address . . . . .

Date..... 19

Pay The Royal National Institute for the Blind A/c. No. 12852074  
at the WESTMINSTER BANK Ltd., 154 Harley Street, W.1. 60-10-02 my Subscription of

.....now, and continue to pay the amount yearly on the  
(Please insert amount in words)

1st of ..... in each year until further notice, without application.

£

(Please insert amount in figures)

*Signature* \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_ I.G. \_\_\_\_\_ STAMP \_\_\_\_\_

2d.



*the helping hand to all Britain's blind*

# SCHOOLS, HOMES AND BRANCHES OF THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

## SUNSHINE HOME NURSERY SCHOOLS

Dene Road, Northwood, Middlesex.  
15 Warwick New Road, Leamington Spa, Warwickshire.  
Overley Hall, near Wellington, Shropshire.  
2 Oxford Road, Birkdale, Southport, Lancashire.  
Souterndown, near Bridgend, Glamorgan. (The Variety Club Sunshine Home founded by Tenovus.)

## SUNSHINE HOME FOR INEDUCABLE BUT TRAINABLE CHILDREN

Dunnings Road, East Grinstead, Sussex. (The Beacherot Towse Home).

## PARENTS' UNIT

60 Hallowell Road, Northwood, Middlesex.

## SCHOOLS FOR CHILDREN WITH ADDITIONAL HANDICAPS

Condover Hall, near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.  
Pathways, Condover Hall, near Shrewsbury, Shropshire.  
Rushton Hall, near Kettering, Northamptonshire.

## SECONDARY GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

Chorleywood College for Girls with Little or No Sight, Chorleywood, Herts.  
Worcester College for the Blind, Worcester.

## VOCATIONAL ASSESSMENT CENTRE

Hethersett, Gatton Road, Wray Common, Reigate, Surrey.

## CENTRES FOR PROFESSIONAL OR TECHNICAL TRAINING

School of Physiotherapy, 204-6 Great Portland Street, London, W.1.  
Training College for Blind Shorthand-Typists and Telephonists, 5 Pembroke Place, London, W.2.

## THE QUEEN ELIZABETH HOMES OF RECOVERY FOR NEWLY-BLIND CIVILIANS

The Manor House, Middle Linecombe Road, Torquay, Devon.  
America Lodge, Higher Linecombe Road, Torquay, Devon.  
Oldbury Grange, Bridgnorth, Shropshire.

## CLINIC FOR PHYSIOTHERAPY

(Alfred Eichholz Memorial), 204-6 Great Portland Street, London, W.1.

## HOSTELS FOR THE BLIND

31 Palace Court, London, W.2.  
79 Holland Park, London, W.11 (Physiotherapy Students).  
16 Holland Park, London, W.11.

## RESIDENTIAL AND HOLIDAY HOMES

Bannow, Quarry Hill, St. Leonards-on-Sea, Sussex. (Convalescent and Holiday Home).  
Alma Court, West Street, Scarborough, Yorks. (Holiday Home).  
Craven Lodge, Victoria Avenue, Harrogate, Yorkshire. (Holiday Home).  
Wavertree House, Furze Hill, Hove, Sussex. BN3. I.P.A.  
Leeds House, 128 Victoria Road, New Brighton, Cheshire. (Holiday Home).  
Westcliff House, Sea Road, Westgate-on-Sea, Kent.  
Tate House, Queens Parade, Harrogate, Yorkshire. (William Tate Home for Deaf-Blind).  
Wilton Grange, Meols Drive, West Kirby, Wirral, Cheshire. (Home for Deaf-Blind).  
The Kathleen Chambers Home, Berrow Road, Burnham-on-Sea, Somerset. (Home for Deaf-Blind).

## HOME INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT. Alma Road, Reigate, Surrey.

## THE BRITISH TALKING BOOK SERVICE FOR THE BLIND

Nuffield Library, Abbey Estate, Mount Pleasant, Alperton, Middlesex.  
Northern Branch Library, Punch Street, Bolton, Lancs.  
Sound Recording Studio, 224 Great Portland Street, London, W.1.

## MOON SOCIETY PUBLICATIONS. Holmesdale Road, Reigate, Surrey.

## BRANCH OFFICES OF THE R.N.I.B.

Area	Office	Secretary	Area	Office	Secretary
NORTHERN COUNTIES	SUTHERLAND MEMORIAL HALL, JESMOND ROAD, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE 2	G. W. WEST	SOUTH EASTERN COUNTIES	197 DYKE ROAD, HOVE, SUSSEX. BN3. I.T.L.	F. A. WILKINSON
NORTH WESTERN	87 LORD STREET, LIVERPOOL 2 90 DEANSGATE, MANCHESTER 3	G. F. SHIPPARD	WESTERN COUNTIES	5 WHITELEADIES ROAD, BRISTOL 8	L. C. WRIGHT
YORKSHIRE AND DERBYSHIRE	8 ST. ANN STREET, LEEDS 2	T. KERROD	SOUTH WALES AND MONMOUTHSHIRE	14 NEVILLE STREET, CANTON, CARDIFF	T. A. TATCHELL
EASTERN COUNTIES	73 FENISON ROAD, CAMBRIDGE	P. J. JESTICO	SCOTLAND	9 VIEWFIELD PLACE, STIRLING	G. W. SMEATON
SOUTH WESTERN COUNTIES	16 YORK ROAD, EXETER	J. V. L. JOYCE	NORTHERN IRELAND	BRYSON HOUSE, 28 BEDFORD STREET, BELFAST 2	MRS. D. I. KIDD

Telephone: EUSTON 5251

THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

224-6-8 Great Portland Street  
London, W.1.

*With Compliments*



1967

# THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

Incorporated by Royal Charter. Registered in accordance with the National Assistance Act, 1948

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## FORM OF BEQUEST, No. 1.

The following form of bequest is recommended to those who may be desirous of assisting the Institute by way of a specific legacy:—

I give to THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND, of 224, 226 & 228 Great Portland Street, London, W.1, the sum of ..... pounds

(free of all death duties) for the general purposes of the Institute, and I declare that the receipt of the Hon. Treasurer for the time being of such Institute shall be a good discharge to my Executors.

## FORM OF BEQUEST, No. 2

The following form of bequest is recommended if it is desired to leave the residue of an estate to the Institute:—

I give the rest residue and remainder of my estate and effects whatsoever and wheresoever both real and personal and whether in possession reversion remainder or expectancy to THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND, of 224, 226 & 228 Great Portland Street, London, W.1, for the general purposes of the Institute, and I declare that the receipt of the Hon. Treasurer for the time being of such Institute shall be a good discharge to my Executors.

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NOTE.—Property of all kinds, including land of any tenure and also including money lent on mortgage and the securities therefor, may lawfully be given to charitable institutions by Will. The above forms can be readily adapted to such gifts by the substitution of a description of the land, mortgage, etc., for the words "the sum of ....."

Legacies may be left to form an endowment to be named after the benefactor or a nominee of the benefactor. In this case there should be added after the words, "the sum of .....," "to form an endowment to be called 'The ..... Bequest'."

The form of bequest should be incorporated in the Will, which should be signed and witnessed as shown on the back of this form.

If desired, the Institute is willing to act as Trustee.

N.B. ESTATE DUTY.

Gifts to the Institute made not less than **ONE** year before the date of death are exempt from liability to Estate Duty.

When a Will has been made, and it is afterwards desired to benefit The Royal National Institute for the Blind, it will be sufficient if the form below is filled in, duly signed and witnessed as below, and placed with the Existing Will.

## This is a Codicil to the last Will of me

(Name in full)

dated.....

(Date of Will)

I give to THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND, of 224, 226 & 228 GREAT PORTLAND STREET, LONDON, W.1, for the general purposes of the Institute, the sum of

(words)

£.....

(figures)

free of all death duties, and I declare that the receipt of the Hon. Treasurer for the time being of such Institute shall be a good discharge to my Executors.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand this..... day  
 of..... (words) 19..... (figures)

Signed by the Testator  
 Testatrix as and for a Codicil to  
 his last Will dated.....  
 her..... (Insert date of Will)

(Signature of Testator or Testatrix)

in the presence of us, both present at the same  
 time, who at his request, and in his presence  
 and in the presence of each other, have hereunto  
 set our names as witnesses.

(1)..... of.....  
 ..... (Profession)  
 (2)..... of.....  
 ..... (Profession)

Witnesses should sign here

NOTE.—The above form is provided for the guidance of intending benefactors and their solicitors, whose advice should be sought before the form is completed.

(P.T.O.)

**THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND**  
**BALANCE SHEET, 31st MARCH, 1967**

31.3.66	Funds and Liabilities	£ 1,376,294	£ 31.3.66
1,029,812	<b>Funds not available for General Purposes</b>		
273,935	Endowment Funds	271,471	£ 1,020,311
154,211	Legacies and Gifts earmarked by Donors:		
9,501	Invested	160,486	273,935
—	Uninvested	13,876	154,211
460,696	Centenary Fund – Uninvested	150,000	Prevention of Blindness Fund
131,469	Prevention of Blindness Fund	50,000	Fixed Assets, Renewals and Replacements Reserve
	Fixed Assets, Renewals and Replacements Reserve	489,273	Talking Book Development Fund
	Talking Book Development Fund	241,188	
		<u>1,376,294</u>	<u>£ 31.3.66</u>
400,000	<b>General Reserve</b>	450,000	
1,231,449	<b>General Charity Fund</b>	1,243,649	
	<b>(Sunshine Fund for Blind Babies and Young People</b>		
	This Fund included under the various headings above, amounted to £75,647 at 31st March, 1967)		
196,580	<b>Liabilities</b>	216,014	
175,833	Creditors	178,751	
9,247	Unified Collections Account: Amount owing to other Societies (less Balance of Special Bank Account (£70,000))	5,763	
31,500	Advance by Associate Organisation toward cost of Talking Book Library Premises	31,500	
		<u>216,014</u>	<u>£ 216,014</u>
	<b>Other Assets</b>	366,950	
	Cash at Bank and in Hand	76,193	£ 369,639
	Stocks as valued by Officials of the Institute	136,876	
	Debtors	204,892	
	Deferred Charges	9,029	
		<u>366,950</u>	<u>£ 369,639</u>
	<b>Capital Expenditure:</b>	369,639	
	Amount expended upon the acquisition and adaptation of Fixed Assets used for the charitable purposes of the Institute at the 31st March, 1967 (including valuations of Assets presented to the Institute) was £2,140,179 the whole of which has been charged against General Charity Fund. No depreciation therefore, is charged in these Accounts. Liabilities under Contracts for Capital Expenditure entered into at 31st March, 1967 not included in these Accounts amounted to approximately £108,400.	2,878	
		110,332	
		239,455	
		16,974	
		<u>369,639</u>	<u>£ 369,639</u>
	<b>£ 2,857,841</b>	£ 2,857,841	
	<b>£3,285,957</b>	£3,285,957	

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE:

Amount expended upon the acquisition and adaptation of Fixed Assets used for the charitable purposes of the Institute at the 31st March, 1967 (including valuations of Assets presented to the Institute) was £2,140,179 the whole of which has been charged against General Charity Fund. No depreciation therefore, is charged in these Accounts. Liabilities under Contracts for Capital Expenditure entered into at 31st March, 1967 not included in these Accounts amounted to approximately £108,400.

T. H. TYLOR, Chairman Executive Council  
W. F. SERBY, Chairman, Finance Committee  
*The Royal National Institute for the Blind*

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND

We have examined the above Balance Sheet and annexed General Charity Fund Account, and have obtained all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in our opinion proper books of account have been kept and the Balance Sheet and General Charity Fund Account give respectively a true and fair view of the state of the Institute's affairs as at the 31st March, 1967, and of the transactions during the year ended on that date.

JACKSON, PIXLEY & CO. Chartered Accountants  
KENT HOUSE, TELEGRAPH STREET, E.C.2.  
7th July, 1967

**THE ROYAL NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND**  
**GENERAL CHARITY FUND ACCOUNT for the year ended 31st March, 1967**

**PART I — ORDINARY INCOME AND EXPENDITURE**

	1965-66	1965-66	ORDINARY INCOME	
<b>ORDINARY EXPENDITURE</b>				
<b>Services to the Blind</b>				
Homes and Schools, General Services and Trading Activities	1,496,514	1,600,385	731,200	<b>ORDINARY INCOME</b>
Gross Expenditure Per Schedule below			Subscriptions Donations and Collections	£ 704,537
<b>Grants to Societies for the Blind</b>	1,015	4,260	Appeals organised by R.N.I.B.	634,231
<b>Prevention of Blindness</b>	6,220	2,936	Allocations from London Collecting Agencies	42,476
<b>Total Cost of Raising Revenue</b>	122,543	120,144	Allocations from other Collecting Agencies for the Blind	27,830
<b>Total cost after deduction of £111,759 borne by Societies under Unification Agreements</b>	20,473	23,116	<i>Less: Gross Amounts payable to other Societies under Unification Agreements</i>	<i>704,537</i>
<b>Central Administration</b>	2,397	2,509	<i>353,519</i>	
<b>Professional Charges and Other Expenses</b>			<i>351,018</i>	
			<i>100,675</i>	
			<i>1,012,602</i>	
			<i>£1,753,350</i>	
			<i>1,464,295</i>	
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### PART III — SUMMARY

<b>Transfer from Earmarked Funds to meet Expenditure chargeable thereto</b>	<b>66,720</b>
	<hr/>
<b>£1,532,704</b>	<b>£1,467,280</b>

**SCHEDULE  
SERVICES TO THE BLIND**

## ENDOWMENTS

<b>General Account</b>		£	s.	d.	<b>Wilton Grange, West Kirby</b>		£	s.	d.
The Emma Nye Pension Fund	108,940	13	9		The Deaf-Blind Holiday Fund	..	2,180	0	3
The S. Betchley Endowment	12,078	14	10		National Deaf-Blind Helpers' League	..	762	13	7
The Rhoda Emma Cossens Fund for the Blind	7,920	10	5				2,942	13	10
The Leopold Salomon's Endowment Fund	7,641	7	6						
The H. F. Bailey Bequest	7,271	3	9						
The Sir Arthur Pearson Memorial Fund	6,061	9	0						
The Miss Constance de Jong Bequest	5,969	3	11						
The East London Home and School for the Blind Endowment	5,492	0	6						
The Sir Beachcroft Towse Memorial Fund	4,773	7	7						
The Mr. R. K. Hulton Bequest	3,178	18	2						
The William Brown Hextall Bequest	2,930	12	4						
The W.U.C. Trust Fund	2,382	1	3						
The Miss E. A. Black Bequest	2,013	17	4						
The Rev. F. J. Hackett Bequest	1,850	18	7						
The Nuffield Endowment	1,837	15	0						
The John Rae Campbell Endowment Fund	1,836	16	1						
The Miss Irene Constance Wood Bequest	1,377	14	10						
The Miss Florence Ada Morris Bequest	1,034	1	10						
Anonymous	1,000	0	0						
The Donald and Rosie Alderson Bequest	929	15	2						
The Sir Alfred Jones Bequest	777	13	11						
The Mary Shaw Bequest	773	18	0						
The George Fergus Graham Fund	680	11	1						
The Hornshaw Endowment	667	14	11						
The Thomas Wilson Bequest	647	16	8						
The Miss F. W. Dunn Bequest	599	9	8						
The Glenco Trust	591	6	6						
The Phare de France Endowment	570	18	4						
The Mrs. Sarah Jane Little Bequest	500	16	1						
The Rose Gay Bequest	469	8	1						
The Misses E. and A. Snape Bequest	459	4	10						
The Hextall Fund for Blind Law Students	458	8	10						
The Mrs. Rachael Stanley Bequest	434	14	3						
The Solomon Albert Abraham Bequest	419	0	10						
The Mrs. Elizabeth Kirkham Bequest	374	4	2						
The Henry Eskell David Bequest	337	5	11						
The George Cook Memorial Endowment	325	18	5						
The Blind Social Aid Society Fund	304	2	1						
The Miss Constance Harvie Bequest	291	4	0						
The Miss Ellen Tyldesley Bequest	238	3	6						
The Alma Marvin Bequest	228	13	1						
The George Cowleson Bequest	215	14	8						
The Sanctus Patricius Palladius Trust	154	1	0						
The Naomi Colm Cille Trust	154	1	0						
Proceeds of Sale of 8 Oval Road, London	145	6	5						
The J. J. Crossfield Bequest	145	0	10						
The Penny and Strode Bequest	137	8	10						
The Frederick James Overton Bequest	135	10	1						
The Old Congleton Farmers' Dance Committee Endowment	123	0	0						
The Sir John Howard Bequest	114	3	8						
The A. J. Redd Sawyer Bequest	111	19	11						
The Mrs. Mabel Ellen Food Endowment	104	10	0						
The Mrs. Ralph Partridge Bequest	101	0	9						
The Miss M. Farley Endowment	100	11	0						
The Miss Evelyn Jordan Endowment	100	0	0						
The Doctor Howell Rices Bequest	74	11	11						
The Shrimati Sheviba Tola Ram Warandani Bequest	67	15	0						
The Henry Ireland Bequest	61	17	3						
The J. W. Comben Bequest	56	10	8						
The Miss O. F. Scott Bequest	49	2	4						
The Louis Sterne Bequest	35	11	8						
The Miss Mary Jesson Bequest	16	2	8						
The Mrs. J. Rainsforth Bequest	5	17	6						
	198,881	12	2						
<b>Residential Home for Blind Men and Women, Westgate-on-Sea</b>		£	s.	d.	<b>Blind Babies' Home, East Grinstead</b>		£	s.	d.
The Harry Urmsom Hayes Fund	1,290	17	2						
The Miss A. V. Allpress Endowment Fund	565	4	7						
	1,856	1	9						
<b>Chorleywood College</b>		£	s.	d.	<b>Blind Babies' Home, Southport</b>		£	s.	d.
The William Brown Hextall Scholarship	2,674	7	6						
The Miss E. W. Allen Bequest (After-Care)	1,676	5	1						
The Nuffield Endowment Fund	1,373	2	9						
Fees Endowment Fund	1,002	8	4						
The E. P. Hatschek Prize Fund	404	15	7						
The James Gilbertson Bequest	373	12	0						
	7,504	11	3						
<b>Convalescent and Holiday Home, St. Leonard's</b>		£	s.	d.	<b>Blind Babies' Home, Northwood</b>		£	s.	d.
The Mrs. Jessie Elizabeth Laing Bequest	835	7	0						
<b>SUNSHINE FUND FOR BLIND BABIES AND YOUNG PEOPLE</b>		£	s.	d.	<b>Blind Babies' Home, Overley Hall</b>		£	s.	d.
<b>General Account</b>		£	s.	d.					
The Mrs. A. M. Smith Bequest	27,966	16	7						
The Mrs. C. J. McCarthy Bequest	155	12	4						
The James Atfield Bequest	129	8	3						
The Lewis Maulkin King Bequest	65	11	9						
The Mr. A. R. Edwards Bequest	14	16	10						
	28,332	5	9						
<b>Holidays for Blind Children</b>		£	s.	d.	<b>Blind Babies' Home, Southerndown</b>		£	s.	d.
The John Wade Bequest	338	15	3						
<b>Blind Babies' Home, East Grinstead</b>		£	s.	d.					
The "Dancing Times" Endowment	3,292	9	6						
The John Henry Howard Davy Trust	3,105	19	0						
The L. I. Curnin and H. R. Curnin Bequest	1,518	8	8						
The Margaret Vogan Endowment	656	4	6						
The Hornshaw Endowment	526	4	8						
The Eliza and John Frederick Bequest	523	2	9						
The Anthony Clouston Partridge Endowment	450	18	4						
The Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Edwards Endowment	379	11	3						
The Mrs. A. D. Sprees Endowment	379	11	3						
The Mrs. F. Marks Bequest	336	4	10						
The Mrs. Lucy Block Bequest	291	18	4						
The T. G. Sorby Bequest	124	19	8						
The Miss Vaughan Chapman Bequest	71	16	7						
The "Sunday League" Endowment	31	8	0						
	11,688	17	4						
<b>Blind Babies' Home, Southport</b>		£	s.	d.	<b>Blind Babies' Home, Northwood</b>		£	s.	d.
The Jessie Bell Airey Cot	1,537	9	4						
The Mr. and Mrs. Evan Matthews Bequest	694	18	4						
The Esther Frances Levy Bequest	656	4	6						
The Ernest Hallowell Barlow Bequest	528	1	4						
The James Gilbertson Bequest	373	12	0						
The Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Graves Bequest	78	1	4						
The Mrs. H. R. Graves Bequest	64	14	2						
	3,933	1	0						
<b>Blind Babies' Home, Overley Hall</b>		£	s.	d.	<b>Blind Babies' Home, Southerndown</b>		£	s.	d.
The Wlneifred Frances Meredith Dormitory Fund	2,673	19	11						
The Gyde Charity Endowment	1,647	16	9						
The Mrs. Frances Marsh Endowment	570	18	5						
	1,358	5	0						
<b>Blind Babies' Parents Unit</b>		£	s.	d.	<b>Conover Hall School</b>		£	s.	d.
The Rev. A. T. Dence Endowment	4,992	13	7						
The Henrietta Violet Short Bequest	3,060	18	8						
	8,053	12	3						
<b>Conover Hall School</b>		£	s.	d.					
The Major J. R. Abbey Fund	201	7	8						
	Total								
	£271,471	1	8						